THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

PRACTICE WHAT YOU PREACH!
That's good advice. Strictly followed by C. E. Jones, chemist, 26 Govt. St., when he advertises. Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JULY 23 1894. No. 177

RINGS.

RINGS
Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
Wedding Rings
In all the latest designs at
RINGS

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

THE....
....WESTSIDE

Delights in selling a good article. It reflects credit on the store.

Puritan Pins

Are the best in the world. To introduce Puritan Pins, commencing this day, Monday, July 16th, we will present to every customer making a purchase in our store, including a paper of PURITAN PINS, a beautiful silver-plated satin finished

Pin Tray

worth certainly as much as we charge for the pins. Every paper of Puritan Pins (any size) contains 300 pins and we sell them at 10 cents a paper.

New Goods

Coming to hand regularly.

Finest French Kid Gloves a specialty.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT SAMPSON'S BOOK EXCHANGE, 97 Douglas street, you can buy, sell, or exchange your novels and books.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The half-yearly General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, on Saturday, 28th July, 1894, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's Semi-Annual Financial Statement and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the Meeting; after which the 39th Drawing for an Appropriation will take place. "See that your shares are in good standing."
By order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.
jy23-td

JEWELLERY
AUCTION
CONTINUED ON
MONDAY AND TUESDAY
AT 2 AND 7 P.M.

Do not fail to visit us on these days, as we have not sold one fifth of the Stock and we are instructed to Slaughter the Goods in order to get through. The best bargains in Jewellery ever made in Victoria have been made at THIS SALE. Don't Forget. This opportunity will not last long.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

To Contractors and Builders. : : :
For Sale at $1.40 per M.
One Million first-class Cedar Shingles. These Shingles are the best ever offered in Victoria; will lay 20 inches more per bunch than any other on the market.
Lumber still at low rates.
Ewen Morrison, Proprietor,
Rock Bay Lumber Yard.

GOVERNOR TILLMAN DEFIANT.

He Will Open the Dispensaries and Enforce the Law.

Columbia, S. C., July 23.—The state bars have been in full blast for eight days. The following sums up Governor Tillman's latest sensational declaration: "I intend to open the dispensaries on August 1st and enforce the law more rigorously than ever," he says in defiant language. He adds that he will issue a proclamation to that effect this morning in time to give the liquor dealers a chance to dispose of what stock they have on hand before he puts his constables in the field. He says that the supreme court has never touched on the act of 1893, and explains that he "took to the woods with it." That is, he suspended its operation to prevent a test case being brought to upset it before the succession of Justice Gray to the supreme court on July 20th. The governor openly attributes the recent decision to the political prejudices of the judges, and insists that the people want the law and shall have it. The governor is in an ugly frame of mind and seems determined to crush out all opposition, and he has at his back fifty companies of rustic militia mustered in since the Darlington riots. For the last three months whiskey has been openly sold in most of the towns of the state, to the disgust of temperance people.

EAST YALE ELECTION.

Contradictory Reports Received, Which Point to the Defeat of Vernon.

Several contradictory dispatches were received on Saturday evening respecting the election in East Yale. All tend to show, as was expected, that Hon. Mr. Vernon received a majority of the votes in the southern portion of the district, but only one stated that Mr. Vernon had overtaken his opponent, Donald Graham. The first dispatch received was filed at Kamloops at 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon. It stated that Vernon had been elected by a majority of one. Two hours later a dispatch was received by Premier Davie from the town of Vernon, where the votes were counted. It stated that Graham had been elected by a majority of five. The following dispatch appears in the Vancouver News-Advertiser yesterday:

Vernon, July 21.—The final returns of the election in East Yale give Reeve Donald Graham a majority of 14 votes over the Hon. F. G. Vernon, chief commissioner of lands and works.

A dispatch to the Times late this afternoon gives final returns as: Graham, 417; Vernon, 404, or a majority of 13 for Graham.

COLONIST LIE NAILED.

Premier Davie Did Call a Sunday Meeting.

New Westminster, July 23.—A gentleman from Kootenay says, the Colonist denial notwithstanding, Premier Davie did call a political meeting for Sunday at Three Forks, but cancelled it when a protest came from Buchanan at Kaslo. Premier Davie asked Mr. Sword if he would speak on Sunday, and Mr. Sword said he would not.

—Alfred Bland, of Victoria West, is missing. He was seen last on Wednesday.

—In police court this afternoon Mary, an Indian woman who got drunk, was fined $5 with costs added, in lieu of which she may serve 12 days in jail. J. Morris, who furnished the liquor, was fined $50 and costs, or two months' imprisonment. Mary and John will very likely both serve out the imprisonment.

Aluminum is being experimented with as a substitute for Bavarian stones for lithographing. Its great lightness gives it the advantage in many [illegible]. The drawback at present is the price, but this is likely to be overcome very soon. For cylinder press work its elasticity gives it a decided advantage over the stone. Finely powdered aluminum, such as is sold as silver bronze, has been successfully used as a flash light. It ignites easily and makes a brilliant white flame. It is said to be superior to magnesium in that it does not spontaneously oxidize, makes no irritating fumes and burns more completely.

SUGAR KINGS QUESTIONED.

Asked to Supply Congress With Facts Relative to Their Immense Trust.

What the Refiners Have Received From the People During Three Years.

Washington, July 23.—The following letter from Chairman Harter of the house sub-committee on trusts of the committee on manufacturers to President Henry O. Havemeyer of the American Sugar Refining Company, was mailed last night, and will, if it elicits the information asked for, enable congress and the public to decide whether the sugar refining interests of the country shall have recognition, and if so, how much, in any tariff bill which may be passed by congress: "If you will supply to me, as chairman of the sub-committee on trusts of the committee on manufactures, the information asked for herein, I will see that it is laid before the house. A free trader myself, and believing that no tax should be levied upon sugar or anything else, except for revenue, nevertheless, as practically every article of general consumption is to retain protection, I feel no prejudice against the sugar interest, as such, and I think a large number of the house entertain the same view. As, however, the sugar trust demands protection, or more properly speaking, the taxation of the public for its profit, it should be put before congress and public in its real condition, so that an intelligent opinion on the merits of its demands can be formed. If, upon actual and necessary investment of cash capital it cannot save itself from losses, without burdening the taxpayers, then it has as much justification and more, for being fed from the public resources by taxation as many industries which are, in passing the Wilson bill, allowed to remain upon the charity list. If, however, its profits have been excessive, when figured up on actual cash and unwatered capital stock, then you as a fair-minded man, will agree with me that you should not have any legislative favors. In such an event a tax of one cent per pound upon 100 degrees sugar for revenue only would be fair and equitable, permitting a reduction of one-one hundredth of a cent for each degree of sweetness lacking. Such a tax as this, while taking nothing from the treasury of your company, would pour a great many millions into the government coffers. The information asked for is comprehended under four heads: First—What is the present tax value, that is, cost of replacing the plants actually in operation and necessary to produce the quantity of refined sugar turned out by your company? Second—What have been the actual profits of the American Sugar Refining Company for each full fiscal year since its organization, and what are its profits so far in the current year? Third—What annual salary was paid to each of its general officers? Fourth—What is the actual amount paid in cash capital, including the plants turned in at their real cash market value, and what is the present surplus fund of the company, including all individual profits?

"The McKinley bill gives the sugar refineries an opportunity of collecting from the consumer a tax of 1-2 cent per pound upon all sugars above No. 16, Dutch standard, and the consumption of all classes of sugar during the past three fiscal years aggregated 12,956,802,446 pounds, fully nine billions of which was above this limit. It follows, therefore, that the sugar trust and the independent refiners in the United States must have received over $40,000,000 of the people's money, while the government got during the three years only $470,751.

"As your company asks continued favors, the propriety of supplying the country with the information asked herein will not be questioned by reasonable and able men of business as yourself. You are a Democrat and will, I trust, join me in hoping that in the next few years the present wretched system of taxing the people, under the misleading name of protection, for the benefit of private interests will be done away with entirely and forever."

ARBITRATION COMMISSIONERS.

Men Who May be Appointed to Arbitrate the Pullman Difficulty.

Chicago, July 23.—It is current rumor to-night that President Cleveland has tendered to ex-Senator Lyman Trumbull an appointment as member of the commission of arbitration, which is to investigate the Pullman labor strike. Judge Trumbull is in Saginaw, Mich., and has not yet confirmed the rumor. For five years Judge Trumbull, during the critical periods of national and state history, was a justice of the supreme court of Illinois. Ranking very high among the jurists of the west, has reputation extended to the east, and his senatorial career of eighteen years fixed his national reputation. He was distinguished among the political leaders, who in 1872 broke away from the old Republican party, entered its liberal ranks and finally became identified with the Democrats. As the colleague of Douglas and the associate of Lincoln, he participated in congress in national affairs during the momentous years of the nation's history. He has lived of late retired from politics.

Laboring men are opposed to Lyman J. Gage, whose name has also been mentioned. He went on record against the Pullman strikers. He was called upon by women solicitors for aid for the strikers and was reported to have said the men should work for any wages. He was roundly scored for this, so that if his name is under consideration by the president, his appointment would bring out a storm of protests.

Washington, July 23.—Although the report that the President has chosen Lyman Trumbull, of Chicago, as one of the two commissioners who are to aid Carroll D. Wright in the investigation of the recent strike, could not be officially confirmed to-night, it is generally contended that a New York man will be appointed one of the commissioners and that the President has selected him. It was reported to-night that the name of ex-Secretary Fairchild had been discussed by the President in connection with the commissionership but whether Fairchild will be named cannot be learned. Ex-Collector D. Magon has also been mentioned as a possible appointee.

New York, July 23.—It is authoritatively stated that there is no truth in the report that ex-Secretary Fairchild has been appointed by the President as one of the commissioners to investigate the strike.

PROROGATION SPEECH.

Lord Aberdeen Delivers His First Speech at the Closing of Parliament.

Members Thanked for Their Attendance and Good Wishes Bestowed on Them.

Ottawa, July 23.—The fourth session of the seventh parliament of the Dominion of Canada was prorogued to-day at three o'clock by Lord Aberdeen. The weather was beautiful. There was the usual escort from government house, a salute from Nepean Point, a guard of honor at the main entrance to the buildings and the stereotyped ceremonies which for years past have taken place on prorogation day.

Ottawa, July 23.—The governor-general's prorogation speech delivered to-day follows: Honorable gentlemen of the senate, gentlemen of the house of commons. In bringing to conclusion this laborious session of parliament, I have to thank you for the assiduity and zeal with which you have attended to various matters which have been brought before you. I congratulate you upon the notable fact that the invitation which my government extended to the governments of other colonies to send representatives to Canada to confer on matters affecting their mutual interest, was so promptly accepted and that Her Majesty's government also enhanced the dignity and usefulness of the conference by sending a representative to assist at its deliberations. It is confidently hoped that the result of the conference will be found beneficial to the colonies and to the empire generally. The ratification of the treaty of commerce with France will, I hope, to a large extent, increase our exports and an extension of friendly relations with that country. I trust that the arduous work which has engaged you in readjusting the duties of customs will accomplish the desired result in adapting the tariff to the present conditions of the various classes of our people. The statutes of the session will show that the laws affecting many public interests have been used and greatly improved by your efforts and I observe that you have likewise made generous provisions for public improvements which are designed to increase the facilities for travel and transportation throughout the country. Gentlemen of the house of commons, I thank you for the liberal provision which you have made for the services of the current year. Hon. gentlemen of the senate, gentlemen of the house of commons, in retiring you from your present duties, I pray that your labors may be fruitful and of benefit to the country and that on returning to your homes you will find that a generous harvest is about to award the toil of our farmers and that blessing of providence has been likewise bestowed abundantly on all the other interests of the people whom you represent.

THE FIGHT COMMENCES.

Japanese Warships Reported to be Firing on Corean Ports.

Shanghai, July 23.—The report that China has declared war on the Japanese is premature, but hostilities are inevitable. Twelve thousand troops were sent from Taku on Friday, with a fleet of gunboats. It is supposed their destination is Seoul, with orders to fight the Japanese if the latter opposed Chinese occupation at any points in Corea. If war is declared China will make a levy of twenty thousand men from every province and send a fleet to attack Japanese ports. China has notified foreign consuls that she is preparing to blockade Woosung bar.

London, July 23.—A dispatch received here states that Japanese gunboats are bombarding Corean ports.

WHAT WAR WOULD MEAN.

The [illegible] Nations Would Also Fight For Korea.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 23.—"The thousand or more missionaries in China will have to leave when war with Japan begins," said the Rev. W. P. Chalfant today, "as all foreigners will be treated alike." Mr. Chafant has lately returned from an eight years' stay in Shanghai Tang province, in North China, where he was in charge of a Presbyterian mission. He is thoroughly informed upon the condition of affairs in that part of the globe, and says war is inevitable. It will involve Russia, Great Britain, France and Germany he thinks. "Russia has long desired to gobble the Korean kingdom," he explained, "to have seaports on the east open the year round, those she has now being closed by ice in the winter. While China is fighting Japan Russia will jump in after Korea. This will throw Great Britain into the fray. France will then be obliged to join forces with Russia to protect her possessions in Tonquin. Japan will not have to fight alone, as Germany stands ready to help her." Mr. Chalfant mentioned as an odd circumstance that he had often seen Chinese soldiers carrying muskets which had been used in America during the rebellion.

Labor Military Companies.

Omaha, July 23.—General Secretary Hayes, of the Knights of Labor, who is here in attendance at the meeting of the national executive board of the Knights, says the Knights hope to build up a strong assembly in this state. He declares he will hereafter favor the formation of labor military companies everywhere.

REFUSE TO BE DOWNED.

Some of the California Strikers Still Standing Out Against the Company.

Rioters and Intimidators Arrested and Being Tried—A Minister Indicted.

San Francisco, July 23.—Three companies of the Fifth regiment, N. G. C., which have been engaged at the Peralta freight sheds, Oakland, for the past two weeks, have been dismissed, and Major-General Diamond has said that he will communicate with Governor Markham to-day with a view to recalling the balance now on duty in Oakland.

Oakland, Cal., July 23.—Last evening as the Stockton train was passing Livermore a stone was thrown into one of the cars, wounding a soldier on the head and stunning him. No effort was made to capture the miscreant. At a meeting of the strikers, attended by about four hundred, pledges were made to stand firm. The situation this morning is unchanged in all respects. The railway is running all its trains on time without any trouble. The freight yards are open and everything is being handled without delay. The strike-leaders are as confident as ever and they say they will stay out all summer. The men are getting uneasy as the days go by, and any day may bring forth some change in the situation.

The following dispatch has just been received here, dated Chicago, addressed to Charles Fink Oakland: "Strike on here in full force. All switchmen, shopmen and [illegible] Milwaukee is strong. Men should stand together for reinstatement. If men do not stand together wages will go down. Wabash have cut engineers to 26 cents per hour and conductors to 22 cents. Notify all points of S. P. (Signed) Jas. Hogan."

Woodland, Cal., July 23.—Judge Fisher's court room was well filled with spectators long in advance of the hour set for the opening of the court. A. J. Wilson, a Sacramento liveryman, was the first witness. He was not personally acquainted with any of the defendants except Compton. On July 11th, about 10 a.m., Worden called at the stable with an order for a rig.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 23.—When the case of Prindeville and forty other strikers was called in Judge Ross' court this morning their attorney made a strong plea for the continuance of the case till to-morrow and gained his point. The men are up for contempt. Judge Ross' injunction order is on the same ground as those against Howarth and Kelly, who got eight months each. The attorneys will make a hopeful effort to-morrow, it is understood, to have the cases dismissed on the ground of insufficient evidence and error in complaint.

The federal grand jury this morning returned another indictment against Rev. Ravelin, the preacher who addressed a large crowd of strikers at the beginning of the strikes in Harrardville. He was arrested on a charge of inciting riot. It is impossible to find out what the second charge is, but it is possible that the lawyers considered the first insufficient to convict Ravelin, who is now out on $5,000 bail.

San Francisco, July 22.—The local branch of the A. R. U. has decided to continue the strike.

Portland, Ore., July 23.—The strike here has been formally declared off.

OTTAWA NEWS.

Patrons' Protest—The Postmaster of Ottawa Robbed by Footpads.

Ottawa, July 23.—Mr. Mara leaves for home to-morrow night.

James A. Gouin, postmaster here, was knocked down and robbed at ten o'clock last night on his way home on one of the leading streets. The thieves took his gold watch and chain, valued at $200. It was a daring robbery.

Forty-two printers have been dismissed from the bureau.

Senator Boulton has arranged to appear before the railway committee of the privy council on the 31st, representing the Patrons of Industry of the Northwest, in the protest against the excessive rates of the Canadian Pacific, as set forth in the memorial presented by the Patrons to the government.

AMERICAN NEWS.

To-Day's Events in the Various States to the South.

San Francisco, July 22.—The second trial of Nellie Horton, the telegraph operator who shot and killed Chas Hagans about a year ago, on the ground that he had wronged her under a promise of marriage, was commenced to-day.

San Francisco, July 22.—It is stated authoritively this afternoon that the grand jury is about to return several indictments against R. H. McDonald, jr., and his brother Frank McDonald, officials of the defunct Pacific bank. The charges against the bank wreckers will be perjury and falsifying of records.

Fatal Collision.

Griffiths, Ohio, July 23.—The Chicago express on the Big Four collided with a freight engine to-day. The fireman and two men who were stealing a ride were killed. A number of passengers, the mail clerk and the engineer were killed.

Yachting Accident.

Newark, N. J., July 23.—The steam yacht Favorite was burned to the water's edge to-day. Seven people were on board at the time, including two boys. The boys perished.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

THE KAISER DESIRES PEACE.

Anniversary of Napoleon's Surrender Not to be Celebrated This Year.

Germany's Interest in the American Tariff Reform Legislation.

Berlin, July 21.—Much interest is taken here in the tariff legislation of the United States. It has been learned that negotiations are proceeding between Berlin and Washington to prevent the possibility of a commercial war. The decision of congress with regard to the sugar schedule is awaited with great anxiety, many of the newspaper articles on the subject condemning the stand taken by the senate. People in this country are already discussing the possible reprisals which Germany could make in the event of her suffering in any way through American tariff legislation. For instance, the Hamburg Correspondenz, a newspaper well known as getting its information from high official sources, proposes, in case a duty is imposed upon raw sugar, that Germany should raise the duty on American petroleum, but in this case the proposition contained in the article alluded to originated in the mind of the editor. The government desires that nothing should occur to prejudice the good relations existing between the two countries, and it is not likely anything but a very grave necessity could mar the good feeling.

As an evidence of Emperor William's desire for peace and his wish to share the feelings of the people of France, the great fall parade of the garrison, which since September, 1871, has been fixed for the anniversary of the surrender of Napoleon III. at Sedan (September 2, 1870), has this year been ordered to take place on August 18. The emperor's attitude of conciliation is resented by a large section of the people, who claim the right to rejoice on the day they consider as marking the birth of the German empire, without caring whether it pleases France or not.

Prince Bismarck is in better health than is generally believed. His trip from Schoenhausen to Varzin lasted 11 hours, the last three of which, during the night, he travelled in a carriage. But the exertion does not seem to have had any ill effects upon him. The ex-chancellor made seven speeches while en route, the most remarkable of which being the one which closed with his request for three cheers for Berlin. The Berlin press expressed amazement at this action on the part of Prince Bismarck, and commented upon the fact that this was the first time since 1878 that he had said a friendly word for the capital. The ex-chancellor has always shown himself a fierce opponent of Berlin, which returned men to the reichstag who opposed his policy.

The beer boycott continues, although the socialists are losing ground. The struggle is now assuming the character of a decisive battle between the bourgeois and the socialists. The latter are coercing their adherents in every possible manner. The socialist element committee has resolved to exclude from its support every one known to be in the habit of drinking boycotted beer. On the other hand, the beer saloons have ceased taking the Vorwaerts, the organ of the socialists. More than 1,000,000 marks have been contributed to fight the boycott by assisting the saloon keepers. Men like Krupp have contributed largely to these funds. The daily amounts received average 50,000 marks, while the socialist boycotters command about 500 marks daily.

A woman from St. Petersburg who was taken to the Moabite hospital suffering from cholera is recovering. The disease from which she is recovering is of a mild type, and there is no fear of its spreading in this city. More alarm is felt at the possible inroads of the disease from the eastern frontier. The raftsmen descending the river from Russian Poland are a constant source of danger, but the greatest precaution is exercised all along the frontier. In spite of this fact, however, five deaths from cholera and one fresh case have been reported from that part of the country. Unless this condition of affairs ceases within the next month the imperial maneuvers about Kraigsburg in September will be postponed.

The imperial budget for the year ending March 1 shows a surplus of 12,500,000 marks, instead of 1,250,000 as estimated. This is in spite of the fact that the army and navy estimates were underestimated to the extent of 10,000,000 marks. The surplus is due to the large increase of revenue from the people and the imperial taxes.

An official statement shows that emigration from Hamburg, Antwerp and Amsterdam is falling off continuously and rapidly. The whole number of Germans forwarded to the United States by six lines was 3,339 for June, against 8,753 for June, 1893, and the outlook for July is even worse.

Major Wissman, the distinguished German explorer, has arrived here in the best of health. In an interview he says he hopes to return to Africa at the earliest possible date. He considers the victory of the Italians at Kassala to be of the greatest importance to all nations.

Paris, July 21.—The chamber of deputies has adopted the second clause of the anti-anarchist bill, providing that anarchists' trial shall be before a correctional tribunal composed of judges.

By a vote of 390 to 170 the chamber of deputies adopted the paragraph of clause 2, punishing justifications of anarchism. The paragraph punishing incitements of the military was passed without a divison.

During the funeral services of Leconte de Lisle in the Church of St. Sulpice today a man attempted to stab M. Dutaigny, who represented President Casimir Perier at the obsequies. The man was arrested and is believed to be a lunatic.

Rome, July 21.—There is good authority for the statement that the committee of cardinals recently appointed to consider certain matters in connection with the church in America have just concluded their inquiry, which involved the discussion of a large number of documents. The same authority says that the results of the inquiry are, in every respect, favorable to Mgr. Satolli, and are of a character which ought to strengthen his position and conquer all opposition.

St. Petersburg, July 21.—The spread of cholera is assuming alarming proportions. There are one hundred new cases and one hundred deaths daily. There are four thousand patients, chiefly Jews, and large funds in the hospitals. The heat is stifling. The epidemic has reached the military camp at Krasnoe.

The Italian government is arresting many anarchists.

An Italian named Piccartio was arrested at Buda-Pesth Friday evening for publicly declaring in a restaurant crowded with people that Santo did right in killing Carnot. The police then searched his lodgings and found letters proving his connection with foreign anarchists.

A petard was exploded near the British embassy in Rome Saturday. No damage was done.

Two hundred and eight fresh cases of cholera and thirty-two deaths were reported on Thursday in St. Petersburg.

Palo Lega, known to his associates as "Marat," the anarchist who on June 16 attempted to take the life of Premier Crispi in Rome, was tried, convicted and sentenced to twenty years' solitary confinement. When sentence was pronounced he called for cheers for anarchy.

Mr. Terrill, United States minister to Turkey, denies the published statement that the assailants of Miss Mellen, the American missionary, have been released by the Turkish authorities. Mr. Terrill says the men are still in prison, and their trial has been delayed solely by the difficulty of securing the attendance of the necessary witnesses.

AN ALASKA MINE SALTED.

So Says a British Capitalist Who Invested His Money In It.

San Francisco, July 21.—A. G. Renshaw, a British capitalist, has commenced suit in the United States district court to recover $245,000. He charges that the sale of the Bear's Nest group of mines in Alaska was accomplished by gigantic frauds. He accuses James Treadwell, John Treadwell, Captain Jas. Carroll, W. M. Murray, N. A. Fuller, and George J. Smith with conspiracy to make the sale by placing gold bearing rock from the rich Treadwell mine in the barren mine adjoining and treating the core from the diamond drill with chloride of gold to make a showing of rich ore. He asserts that he has a confession of fraud. He declares that three British experts were deceived in the salted mine, each one representing that it would yield a profit of $1,000,000 a year. The amount of money involved, the prominence of the parties to the suit and the charges of fraud make these disclosures the sensation of the day in mining circles. The mine was sold to British investors for $2,500,000 in stock and $1,500,000 in bonds drawing 7 per cent. interest. This was in 1887 and no gold has ever been taken from it. The projectors of the sale have so far received about $600,000 in money.

The Strike.

Sacramento, July 21.—The mediation committee of the American Railway Union held a meeting this evening and unanimously voted to declare the strike off unconditionally. They sent a short notice to this effect to Superintendent Fillmore. The military will probably remain two or three days yet to look after a few hot heads who have been intimidating workmen. A meeting of citizens was held to-day to effect a settlement between the strikers and the railroad company. Very little was accomplished, however. Men who spoke for the railroad and several of the strikers were seen.

Denver, July 21.—Samuel Herberding, chairman of the executive committee of the local American Railway Union, is responsible for making public a state of affairs, which, if true, is of startling interest in industrial circles. Herberding states that he has excellent authority for saying that the Association of Railway General Managers contemplated a wholesale reduction of railway employees' wages, and that he knew of eighteen railway companies that had agree to spring the new schedule simultaneously. The association was prevented from doing this at the time the great Pullman strike was inaugurated. He was in Chicago at the time and claims that the leaders were all aware of the contemplated move at that time, and that one reason for the strike was to prevent the reduced schedule from being put into effect. Mr. Herberding claims to have seen and read the circular sent out by the general managers, which contained the proposed scale of wages, and as further proof of his statement asserts that a copy of the London Lancet published six months ago contained a statement that the English promoters of American railway schemes knew of the proposed reduction and used it as an argument in favor of the investment they offered.

THAT FAMOUS DARK DAY.

Story of the Gloom That Terrified New England.

Most singularly misconceived and almost universally misunderstood was the character of that memorable dark day over New England, May 19, 1781, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. More has been said and written about the phenomenon than about all the comets, auroras and meteoric showers that have presented themselves in five centuries.

The hearts of stout men have quailed; the faces of women have blanched; childhood has shrunk in terror, as the "Millerite scare," predicted thereon, swept the country with one of those peculiar mental epidemics in the early 40's.

There had been a few days of vaporous-tainted air, when sun and moon had a reddish, coppery light, and could not be seen when near the horizon. It was on Friday at 10 o'clock, a.m., that a most noticeable diminution of light began and in an hour the gloom was as intense as the dusk that just precedes the night.

Fowls went to their roosts, domestic animals showed uneasiness, dogs whined and candles were lighted to attend to household duties.

A nearly full moon rose at 9 o'clock, but the blackness was so intense that not a particle of shading could be distinguished between earth and sky. At a little past midnight the darkness began to disperse, the reddish disc of the moon could be located, and when Saturday came the sun set with his usual lustre and the stars twinkled with unwonted brightness.

It seems incredible as one scans the data gathered by Professor Williams, of Harvard College, that the true and simple causes that underlie the darkness were not deduced therefrom, but even the eminent astronomer Herschell consigned it to the domain of the unexplainable.

Clearly, undoubtedly and demonstrably as the simplest thing in common arithmetic, this notable darkness was due to smoke-laden air currents that temporarily stopped by reason of a [illegible] condition in meteorology that may be termed an atmospheric dam.

The character of the darkness, the precipitations that accompanied it, the somewhat pungent odor, the discoloration of sky on days preceding, the aspect of sun and moon, the scum on the rivers, the dead calm of the afternoon and fore part of the night, the indications on the barometer, the similar occurrences on smaller scales since—all these things attest unmistakably that this phenomenal darkness was owing only to a rather unusual combination of natural conditions.

True, the forest or prairie fires were not in the immediate vicinity of this large, dark district, and but for the inopportune becalming of the air when thus loaded with this vapor, allowing it to gorge, dam up, spread out and thicken until the sustaining strata was close to the earth, no particular attention would have been given to a perfectly natural occurrence that tens of thousands of people thought was the dawn of doom, as prefigured in the apocalyptic vision.

There has not been an end of the world scare within the century that has not used this wildfire smoke as a basis from which to excite ill-equipped minds into an unseemly exhibition of slavish and demoralising fear.

That the eminent Herschell regarded it as he did is readily explainable on the hypothesis that he dwelt where there were no factors to produce such an occurrence, and he was probably unacquainted with the physical interior of this great country.

The reports that reached him were undoubtedly gravely distorted from being filtered through the then prevailing general mental conditions, which seem to be wholly inadequate to rise to the higher grasp and conception of nature.

In the mortar of the tower of Kirkstall Abbey, which fell in the year 1779, Whittaker mentions that several little "smoking pipes" were found, showing that the smoking of some herb or other was in use in England 400 years before tobacco was introduced. Dr. Petrie mentions that pipes of bronze for smoking are often found in ancient Irish tumuli. In the monument of Donough O'Brien, king of Thomond, who was killed A. D. 1267, and interred in the Abbey of Corcumrae, county Clare, he is represented with a short pipe, or dudeen, in his mouth. It may be observed that in some very ancient coal workings, which were found under Lambton castle, some 30 years ago, some of these very old smoking pipes were found. And a generation or two ago, not far from Lambton, very poor old folk might be seen smoking the common white-flowered yarrow, a herb frequently found in country church-yards.—Newcastle Chronicle.

The value of a good name was well exemplified the other day, when a man asked one of our druggists for a bottle of Sarsaparilla. "Whose?" inquired the clerk. "Whose? why, Ayer's, of course. Ye don't suppose I'm going to run any risks with Hannah, do ye?"

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the Stomach, Liver, or Bowels may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, biliousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, the best remedy for which is Ayer's Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most popular, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. Brockwell, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

"Thirty-five years ago this spring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded at last to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 5 boxes every year, which make 250 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

GOOD,
BETTER,
BEST,

"The name tells the story."

are words to express comparative degrees of merit. E. B. EDDY'S Matches are above any comparison.

The best are

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

Argyle House.

We are Clearing Out the Following Lines of Goods:

A lot of Ladies' Parasols at cost price.
Ladies' Belts at cost price.
Childrens' Stockings reduced from 25c., 20c., and 15c., to 10c. a pair.
Boy's heavy ribbed Cotton Stockings reduced from 25c. to 15c.
A lot of Ladies' Jerseys at cost price.
All our stock of single width Dress Goods at cost.
Ladies' Beaded Capes below cost.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

Ladies' Undervests 10c. each, Childrens' Undervests 10c. each.
Ladies' Corsets 50c. a pair.
White quilts 90c. each.
Curtain Net for long curtains, taped and scollaped, 7 yds. for $1.00.
Lace Curtains taped and scollaped 50c. a pair.
Toilet Covers, white and with colored border, 25c. each.
White Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Unbleached Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Heavy White Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Unbleached Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Canton Flannel, 14 yds. for $1.00
Glass Cloth, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Crash Towelling, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Silecia Dress Lining, 3 yds. for 25c.
Table Linen, 20c. a yard.
Brooks' Sewing Cotton, best quality, 35c. a doz.
White Checked Muslins, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Black and Colored Cashmeres, 25c. a yd.

REMNANTS

Of Dress Goods, Ginghams, Prints, Embroideries, Ribbons, etc., cheaper than ever before.

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
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Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED WITH house and stable, close to railway station, a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH. Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
8 Store Street Opposite Railway Station.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing
JOHN DODD,
jel-tf-d&w Nanaimo, B. C.

S. A. Stoddart, 68 1-2 Yates St.

GREAT REDUCTIONS.

Waltham Watch Co., P.S. Bartlett, (stem wind)	$ 8 00
Appleton, Tracy & Co., (adjusted)... (all new movements)	15 00
Low grades from	4 00
Watches cleaned	75
Main spring	75
New lever staff	1 25
Jewels	50
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Jewelry repaired; Seal Teeth mounted in solid gold from $2, silver from $1; pipes mounted in solid silver, from 50c., gold $2.50. SPECIAL—Clocks regulated and repaired against accidents for 12 months. Called for and delivered at any residence where the cars pass.

S. A. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker. 68 1-2 Yates St.

Coal! Coal! Coal!
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The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
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138 Government street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. e19-tf

Land Registry Act.

Sub-lot 18 of Lots 34 and 36, Springfield Estate (Map 297), Esquimalt District.

Whereas the certificate of title of Ernest Schurch to the above hereditaments bearing date the 7th April, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 30th June, 1894. je30-1m

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under powers of sale contained in a mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in charge book Vol. 11, Fol. 507, No. 13700 B, the undersigned offer for sale by tender Lots Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 25, 26, 63, and Block XI, part of a re-subdivision of part of Lots two and three of section XXXVIII, Victoria District, and more particularly described in a map or plan deposited with the Registrar General under the number 632.

Tenders will be received up to August [illegible]

DALBY & CLAXTON,
64 Yates St., Victoria, B.C.
jl9-1t Agents for the Mortgagees.

REPUBLIC OF HAWAII.

Very Simple Ceremonies Attend the Change in the Form of Government.

President Dole's Proclamation Read on the Fourth of July.

Honolulu, July 13.—(Per steamer City of Rio Janeiro to San Francisco July 21.)—The provisional government is no more, and the republic of Hawaii holds the reins of power. It is but a change of name, as the same people are in power and the avowed purpose of the government is the same—to obtain annexation with the United States. The new constitution, which was finished July 3, was promulgated on the Fourth of July from the front steps of the former palace. A large crowd was present when President large crowd was present, and when President Dole appeared he was greeted with a mighty cheer. Surrounded by his cabinet, officers of the military and members of the constitutional convention, he read the proclamation of the new republic, as follows:

"I Sanford B. Dole, president of the provisional government of the Hawaiian islands, by virtue of this charge given me by the executive advisory council of the provisional government, and by the act dated July 3, 1894, do proclaim the republic of Hawaii as the sovereign authority over and throughout the Hawaiian islands from this time forth. And I do declare the constitution framed and adopted by the constitutional convention of 1894 to be the constitution and supreme law of the republic of Hawaii; and by virtue of this constitution, I now assume the office and authority of president thereof. Long live the republic."

J. W. Kalua, one of the leading native annexationists, next read the proclamation in Hawaiian. Both were greeted with cheers, and the ceremony was over. There was no military display whatever. The men of the United States steamer Philadelphia were not landed, the government thinking it best not to give its enemies the chance to say, as they did before, that the change was made while United States troops were present to intimidate the royalists.

Not the slightest demonstration was attempted by the supporters of the ex-queen. A few evenings before the Fourth the royalists held a mass meeting at which about 2,000 were present, and passed resolutions protesting against the formation of the republic, claiming that President Cleveland had not yet answered the petition sent by Liliuokalani asking to be restored to the throne. Copies of this resolution were sent to the representatives of foreign goverments, with the request that they should not recognize the republic. It had no effect in that way, however, as all these representatives had recognized it, with the exception of Minister Woodhouse, the English minister resident, who simply stated that he would inform his government of the change.

On the eve of the Fourth the annexationists held a big mass meeting for the purpose of ratifying the new constitution. It was a most enthusiastic meeting.

The Fourth was celebrated in true American style, the double holiday making it peculiarly a day of jollification to Americans. Captain of Marines Cochrane, of the Philadelphia, delivered the oration. He showed himself an annexationist, opening his speech by saying that he hoped soon to be able to call those present "fellow citizens." Throughout his oration he lauded the provisional government and its supporters. Admiral Walker and his staff were present, and the admiral evidently endorsed the speech of Captain Cochrane. He was also at the executive building at the time of the promulgation, though not officially.

The republic having been launched, Minister Thurston will probably return to Washington city soon. He was not present on the Fourth, having gone to the volcano.

One of the royalist papers, the Holomua, which has been a rabid supporter of the ex-queen, has changed its policy and is advising all royalists to take the oath of allegiance to the republic, and acknowledges that the cause of the queen is dead. A royalist commission, consisting of Sam Parker, H. A. Weidemann and John A. Cummings, leaves for Washington city on the Rio Janeiro this afternoon. It is their intention to try and obtain an interview with the president, with the idea of forcing him to give them an answer as to what he intends to do in the Hawaiian matter. Their expenses have been paid by prominent royalists, and they carry a secretary with them. Parker and Cummings are half Hawaiians, but Weidemann is a German. The royalists have great hopes of the commission's success.

WHY THEY FELL OUT.

The Gunmaker Was a Little Too Smart for the Tailor.

There lived in Paris during the reign of Charles X. two inseparable friends, the one a gunmaker, the other a tailor; they were both, each in his way, true artists; but the two friends never met without discussing interminably on the merits of their respective professions.

"You have spoken up well," said the gunmaker one day, "but you must at least allow that the first handicraft followed by man was that of arms manufacture. When the first man appeared on earth he had ready at hand each in its season fruits in variety and abundance; but when for a change he wished to taste meat, whether of birds or beast, he felt the need of some arm with which to obtain it, and by making the arm he became one of our craft." "Quite possible," remarked the tailor, but what can that matter? It is not necessary to go back to the first days of creation. I will confine myself to the present generation, and I tell you that you have not the least idea of the enormous difficulties of a tailor. Know then, that a tailor, or a cutter, to speak more correctly, must be at the same time designer, architect and mathematician; the plan of a fortified stronghold presents fewer angles, fewer curves, fewer lines, points and triangles than the plan of an accurate cut."

The two ran the risk of discussing the question forever, without either convincing the other, when one day King Charles by a happy chance, put an end to their dispute. He ordered of one a robe and of the other a gun. Needless to say, each of the artists did his utmost to surpass the work of the other.

"Will you," said the gunmaker one day, when continuing their controversy, "leave it to his majesty to settle the question? As for myself, I am prepared to wager a dinner that he will prefer a gun."

"What! We shall see! But agreed."

They then fixed a day when they should both wait upon the king with the specimens they had perfected.

The gunmaker had made a double gun, both percussion and flint locks. The lock mechanism was a safety one; a half turn firing the gun was an impossibility; in returning the parts to their proper position the priming was automatically conveyed to the pan. When it was wished to use the gun as a percussion arm, it was enough to turn the hammer upside down, the gun was completely transformed, for the lower jaw of the doghead served as a percussion cock. As to the tailor, he made for the king of France the king of coats It was a ceremonial robe covered with gold lace; but these embroideries were so fine and deftly placed, and the habit was so perfectly cut, that once the coat was across the shoulders it hung from the neck to the knee without a crease.

When the two friends came before the king, the gunmaker, from excessive politeness or malignity, gave precedence to the tailor. When the king had tried on the coat he was more than satisfied, it fitted like a glove; the tailor was exultant. Then came the turn of the gunmaker; he presented his arm modestly, but the crafty fellow had taken with him in a snuff-box, a little fine wood dust, of which he sprinkled a little over one side of the mirror-like surface of the handsome stock. In taking the gun, the king perceived the dust, and instinctively passed the cuff of his handsome new coat over the stock.

"Ah," said the gunmaker to the tailor, "I have won my wager. You see that his majesty has used your coat to clean the stock of my gun!"

The tailor was confounded. The king understanding nothing, asked for an explanation, to which he laughingly added, "You have both done well, but to the gunmaker I award the palm, for he has shown himself to be, not an artist only, but a genius.—From Boys.

THE BAY OF NAPLES.

A Graphic Description of the People and the Place.

About Sorrento also there is something of a Neapolitan flavor in the air. The Neapolitan small boy is half monkey, half comedian, and all thief, and here as elsewhere the boy is father to the man. In Sorrento there is the municipal band, more inexorable in Italy than death itself; there are little companies of men and women who dance the tarentella in costume on the terraces of the hotels, and sing vulgar songs, which the foreigners take for national airs.

There are not, indeed, so many beggars as in Naples itself and in the neighborhood, but the perpetual attempt to extract small coin from the visitor occupies the sole and undivided attention of at least one portion of the population. Here, as in Naples, the guide guides not, but chatters, butchering what he supposes to be the foreigner's language in order to make himself a holiday. Here, as elsewhere, the lively donkey boy twists the patient ass's tail, alternately requests you to dismount at the steep places and gets on himself. Here, as in all southern Italy, the small deceptions of a very poor and not very clever people bring a smile to the keen but often good natured northerner's face.

All this I might describe at endless length had it not been done so often, and in one or two instances so well. There it all is, more or less lovely as to its surroundings, more or less modern in its buildings, more or less civilized by the people that move upon the scene. And below it, and facing it, stretches the sea, the eternal, ever changing, ever abiding sea. The splashes of human-wrought color, and the deeper tones of man-planted orange gardens and olive-groves and vines, are forever contrasted with God's own palette, with that broad water where in are mingled the precious things of day and night, the maiden rose-mallow of dawn, and the gorgeous purple of imperial evening, the gold of the sun and the silver of the moon and the precious stones of the stars, all blending at last in the depths of the great liquid sapphire of that sea which wise men of old believed to be the source of all living things.—Marion Crawford in the July Century.

A CHARMED LIFE.

Minister Stuart Has Had Several Hair-Breadth Escapes.

A tall, slender man, with iron gray beard and hair and piercing eyes which roved around under a pair of heavy gray eyebrows, sauntered through the Arlington lobby yesterday, says the Washington Star.

"That is Granville Stuart of Montana, the new minister to Uruguay and Paraguay," said an old-timer on one of the settees. "He is on his way to his new post, and this is the first time he has been east of the Mississippi for a quarter of a century. He has had more startling adventures and hairbreadth escapes than almost any man you ever heard of. I remember one of them well. Stuart was one of the first pioneers in the territory of Montana, and was quartz crazy like the rest of them. He was on a prospecting trip once and had dismounted from his horse, leaving his rifle strapped to the saddle, when the animal ran away.

"It was late in the year and that night snow began falling. He was miles away from any habitation, in the heart of the mountains, and in searching for his horse he lost his bearings. He had only a small pocket-knife, and his fusee only contained two or three firemakers. The first night he was out it grew very cold and he made a fire, which attracted some small birds. Stuart caught about a dozen of them and cooked them. For ten days he wandered through the mountains, with nothing else to eat but those little birds. One day an elk rubbed against a tree within two yards of him, but he had nothing to kill it with. When he was nearly dead two Indians found him and took him to their camp to have fun with him.

"They fed him up so as to get him strong enough to run while they beat him with tepee poles. One night he escaped, stole a horse and ran away. He got lost in the mountains again, and doggoned if his second horse didn't get away from him! He wandered around again for three or four days, and then, when he had given up completely and lain down to die, some of the party who had gone out to hunt him up came across him and carried him to camp. It is devoutly believed in Montana that nothing can kill Granville Stuart. He was a mighty hunter in those times, too. He had the record of killing 16 elk from one spot, without getting up. He is a man of powerful mind and will uphold the stars and stripes and all that they mean in his new position."

A WISE LABOR LEADER.

Chief Arthur of the Engineers the True Type of a Workingman.

If all the labor leaders were like Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the labor cause would stand far better with the American people and its annals would not show so many disastrous defeats. Mr. Arthur can be a hard and stubborn fighter on adequate provocation, but he is not a stirrer up of strife. On the contrary, his voice is always for peace, unless war be absolutely necessary to preserve the rights of the organization which has placed its interests in his hands.

In one respect Mr. Arthur stands quite apart from the reckless leaders whom labor men have so often followed to their own undoing. He does not take leaps in the dark. Before jumping he wants to know what the landing place is like. And he has acuteness enough to recognise that a strike must be supported by public opinion if it is to have any prospects of success, and that it cannot gain this support unless the strikers can make the public believe that the right of the quarrel is on their side.

To put the matter in a nutshell, Mr. Arthur is a man of ability, who counts the cost before entering upon a conflict. It is greatly to the credit of the railway engineers that they chose so wisely in selecting their chief, and that, as a rule, they have shaped their course by the prudent counsel which he has given them. We sincerely hope they will follow his prudence, and thus maintain the position which they have gained as one of the most conservative and respected of labor organizations.—Boston Herald.

THE LION AND THE LAMB

Have Not Reached the Stage Where They Can Lie Down Together.

"The hardest thing to train a wild beast to do is to perform with a weak, defenceless animal," remarked A. L. Hutchison, an old circus and menagerie hand, who has deserted the arena and ring for mercantile purposes. "I remember once several years ago an effort being made to persuade a very docile lion to lie down with a lamb. The idea was certainly a good one, but it took several lambs and also several weeks before the lion, which was willing to jump through a burning hoop, sham death on being shot, etc., could be persuaded to allow a lamb to enter his den with impunity. Twice he killed a lamb in the presence of his trainer, and the second time he nearly killed his trainer, who rather recklessly tried to get away the carcass. Finally the lion would tolerate the lamb in his den just as long as the keeper stood over him with an iron bar. But the effort was evidently forced, and the performance was so utterly lacking in smoothness and interest that it was abandoned after two or three attempts."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

If the care of the hair were made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

Thos. Firth & Sons, Ltd.
BEST CRUCIBLE CAST STEEL.

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BESSEMER STEEL. .·. OPEN HEARTH STEEL.

JAMES HUTTON & CO., AGENTS,
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CANADA.

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The Land We Live In.

Now Ready. Remit 10 CENTS to this office, together with Coupon, which will be found in another part of this paper, and secure this valuable and handsome work.

It surpasses anything of the kind yet issued, and will insure the possessor a thorough knowledge of our country.

Issued Weekly. One part per week for twenty-six consecutive weeks.

SEE COUPON ON PAGE SEVEN.
BY MAIL 12 CENTS.
THE TIMES, VICTORIA, B.C.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $100,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

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S. F. TOLMIE,
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ARCHITECT,
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DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,

Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over [illegible] years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence. 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. ju12-tf

DR. CORSAN has removed his office to the Temple Building, corner Fort and Langley streets. j28-2t

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PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery or Lombard's Music Store.

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B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja18 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. B. SWINERTON.
1-17 Scribe E.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
R. C SMITH Secretary.

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DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Goverament Sts., Victoria, B.C.

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fe13 s,m,t&w 1y]

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EXCURSION to
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$1.50-Return Fare-$1.50

Will leave C.P.N. Co.'s wharf on
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At 7 a.m. Sharp.

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WANTED—A good boy at the White House. j19-3t

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RACQUETS—I am selling Tennis Racquets cheap to close them out; $1.75, $2.25, $3, complete Tennis Sets, $13.50 and upwards; good value. Wm. Wilby, 91 Douglas street. j19-1w

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THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

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At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

SIXTEEN YEARS' RESULTS.

A very good summary of the results of Conservative rule was given in the following amendment lately offered by Mr. Charlton in the house of commons: "That the amount of taxation by customs duties in Canada was $12,782,824 in 1878 and was $20,954,003 in 1893, an increase of $8,171,179; that the expenditure of Canada on account of consolidated fund was $23,503,158 in 1878, and was $36,814,052 in 1893, an increase of $13,310,894; that the expenditures on account of administration of justice, arts, agriculture and statistics, fisheries, quarantine, judiciary, legislation, militia and defence, public works, superannuation, excise, Northwest Territories, government mail subsidies and steamship subventions, civic government, adulteration of food, miscellaneous and Northwest mounted police amounted to $5,256,424 in 1878 and to $10,384,272 in 1893, an increase of $5,127,246, or 97 per cent.; that while the increase of population of Canada from July 1, 1878, to July 1, 1893, did not exceed 20 per cent., the increase of customs taxation for the same period was 23 per cent. and the increase of expenditures for the same period was 56 per cent.; that this house expresses regret that the increase of customs taxation and of expenditure should have been permitted to reach a ratio three times greater than the increase of population since 1878; that the controllable expenditure should have been permitted to reach a still higher ratio of increase, and that no inconsiderable portion of the annual expenditure should have been absorbed for grants made for party or political purposes and not in the public interest, and this house expresses the opinion that the enormous annual expenditure places a burden upon Canada so serious in amount that strict honesty and rigid economy inthe future management of the finances of the Dominion should be practiced with a view to lessening the public burdens." Of course Mr. Charlton's amendment was voted down, but the accuracy of its statements could not well be disputed. It is easy for some politicians to be "large-minded," "liberal," and so forth, when other people's pockets have to bear the strain.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Globe: Protection is among the many bad habits far easier to establish than to get rid of. A majority vote can bring it into operation, but the experience of the United States shows that it cannot be dislodged by the same simple process. We will doubtless have a troublesome time driving it out in Canada after the people have learned how it operates.

The Colonist's position as an organ is not to be envied, since it is required to violate the truth in the cause of a politician who not long ago trampled upon its finest feelings. On Sunday our unfortunate neighbor undertook to denounce as a campaign lie a statement made in a letter to the Times to the effect that Premier Davie had called a political meeting at Three Forks for Sunday afternoon. As will be seen from a Westminster dispatch elsewhere, the statement has ample corroboration and is undoubtedly true. The lie is on the Colonist's side—as usual.

Toronto city council contemplates the trial of an interesting experiment, provided it obtains the necessary power. At a recent meeting it adopted a report on the establishment of a municipal insurance bureau, presented by Ald. Lamb. This report binds the city to seek power from the legislature to appoint an insurance commission as part of the municipal system and make the insurance of buildings compulsory. Personal property, furniture, etc., may be optional with the owners. The report contemplates the issue of one million of debentures to form a fund, equivalent to the companies' paid-up capital, to pay for losses. Ald. Lamb claims that above one million is paid in premiums annually in the city and only $222,000 losses are paid. He holds out the expectation of a great reduction in the rates, which are now exorbitant.

The facts in relation to the Curran bridge scandal are gathered in compact form in Sir Richard Cartwright's resolution, which the obedient government majority rejected. Very few people will hold in their inmost consciousness that the charge made against the department is too strong. The resolution reads:

1. That the bridges were constructed during the first months of the year 1893 by the department of railways and canals.

2. That the department decided to have the work done on the substructures by day labor under contract entered into by the department to carry out the work as laid out by the department's superintendents and directors.

3. That the original estimate of the cost by the department was $122,000 for the substructure. The commissioners state that any reliable contractor would have executed the same amount of work within the same time for $160,000, whereas the amount charged to the government was $430,825, whereof $394,000 have been paid.

4. The supply of timber and lumber certified to made over 1,000,000 feet board measure more than could have been used.

4. That the cost of stone cutting on Wellington bridge by piece work would have been $3000, whereas the amount charged to the government is $16,175, and the cost of the stone cutting on the Grand Trunk bridge was still more excessive.

6. That the prices paid by the department to the contractor for labor were greatly beyond current prices, in some instances being as high as $12 for work for which the contractor only paid $4.50 and $9.20 for other work costing the contractor $3.75.

7. That in many other respects the construction of the bridges was carried out in a wasteful and improvident manner.

8. That in the opinion of this house the department of railways and canals is deserving of the severest censure for inefficiency, neglect of duty, extravagance and gross mismanagement in connection with said work.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Bishop Perrin Preaches at St. Alban's Church Yesterday.

Nanaimo, July 23.—The Victoria Stars were again victorious in the lacrosse match on the Caledonian grounds on Saturday, winning three straight goals. The Swifts will require considerable practice before they will be able to make any show against a team like the Stars.

None of the crack wheelmen took part in the bicycle races at the Foresters' sports on Saturday. The Canadian Wheelmen's Association prohibited its members from taking part in consequence of the treatment received last year, the Foresters' committee failing to give the prizes to the winners, so that the races on Saturday were disappointing.

Negotiations are being made by the supporters of J. McGregor, M.P.P., to get the present premises of T. Booth, which are to be used for a Conservative club. The rooms are fitted up with billiard tables, bowling alley and card tables. The second floor will be used as a reading and committee rooms.

Bishop Perrin preached both morning and evening services at St. Alban's yesterday. He touched upon the agitation now pending in the United States and claimed 30 years ago such a state of things would have been prevented. He prayed God that the question to be considered by the miners here to-day would be amicably settled.

A MIDNIGHT LUNCH.

Which Resulted in a Hasty Retreat to the Oyster House Around the Corner.

A literary friend of mine, who lives with his wife in a snug flat up town, locked himself in his room one night last week and wrote away with ferocity for three or four hours. When he had finished it was one o'clock in the morning, and he quietly left the room, and, feeling his way to the refrigerator, groped around in it for something to eat and drink.

His clattering awoke his wife, and she cried out from an inner room:

"Is that you, Clarence?"

"Yes, dear."

"What on earth are you doing?"

"That's all right, my dear. You go to sleep. The girl's abed, and I'm getting myself a little lunch."

"But there isn't a thing to eat. I'm so sorry."

"Oh, yes there is. I've got some nice bread and butter and a bottle of beer."

"But we haven't any beer in the house, dear, and we ate the last bit of butter for dinner."

"Well, I know better for here they are."

Out rushed wifey in excitement and her robe de nuit.

She lit the gas and investigated.

The wretched man had cut off a huge slice of bread and thickly plastered it with lard, while what he had taken in the dark to be a bottle of beer proved to be vinegar placed in the receptacle that had once held "Milwaukee."

He went to the oyster house around the corner, and he went in a hurry.—Washington Post.

El Paso, Ill., July 20.—Nine-tenths of this town was destroyed by fire to-day. The loss is estimated at $250,000.

CATTLE STEALING.

John Patchett, of Armstrong, Arrested on the Above Charge, but Escapes.

For some time past, says the Vernon News, the ranchers of Spallumcheen have had well grounded suspicions that their cattle have been disappearing in some mysterious manner, and the local butcher has been closely watched by the interested parties. According to a by-law of the municipality slaughter-houses must be accepted as such by the council before the owner can legally butcher in them. Some time this spring John Patchett built a corral and slaughter house near Salmon river, but from its out of the way location the council refused to recognize it as such. Last Thursday Patchett killed a steer at this place, and Messrs. J. D. Matheson and George Lynn at once proceeded to investigate. They found the hide cut into small slips so as to prevent identification of the brand, and both ears had been cut off close to the head. After considerable search the ears were found—one in the bush and the other under the slaughter house—and the ear mark at once proved the animal to have been the property of Mrs. Greenhow, who on being put in possession of the facts stated that she had not sold any cattle to the buther, either at Armstrong or Vernon.

John Patchett and his assistant, R. Seed, were arrested by Constable Parke. Seed was brought safely to Vernon, but the other prisoner made two breaks for liberty, the second of which has, up to date, proved successful. On the first occasion, while awaiting the train at Armstrong, he asked permission of the constable to speak a few words to Mr. Swanson, who was standing a short distance off. Permission was granted, and he, accompanied by Mr. Parke, sauntered off. After a few minutes' talk with Mr. Swanson, he bolted through the door of an adjoining stable, and jumping on a horse which was standing there he got off through the other door and was out of sight before the constable could secure another mount. His liberty, however, was not of long duration, as he was discovered early next morning in bed at Mr. Swanson's house, and was again taken in custody by Mr. Parke. This time the constable took the precaution to handcuff his captive, and putting him in a buggy started off to Vernon. All went well until they had reached the thick woods near Mr. R. S. Pelly's place, near Otter lake, when suddenly the prisoner gave a whoop which started the horse on a gallop, and in some way he tumbled out of the buggy on his feet and plunged into the thick brush which is here almost impenetrable. Before the horse could be stopped he had sufficient start to make pursuit by one man impracticable, and the constable immediately started to make arrangements for a constable to go in pursuit. Several siwashes and others are now engaged in endeavoring to hunt down the fugitive, but so far without success, and as he is said to have plenty of friends in the district, it is probable that he may be aided to get out of the country. The information against R. Seed, who simply acted in the capacity of hired assistant, was withdrawn.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A hail storm passed through Yorkton district, N. W. T. Several crops and gardens were totally destroyed.

The labor leaders in Toronto predict the formation of eight or ten Patron lodges in the city in the next few weeks.

Sutherland, Innes & Co.'s mills at Renick have been destroyed by fire. The loss is between $15,000 and $20,000.

At Pictou, N. S., a fire in Tanner & Sons' building, occupied by them and A. C. Baille, did $15,000 to $20,000 damage; fully insured.

The Hon. James McShane has declined to oppose Mr. Thomas McGreevy for the commons in Quebec West on the ground that his presence is required in Montreal.

George W. Kiely, the well known Toronto millionaire, was found dead in bed by his servant. He was associated with Sir Frank Smith for years in operating the street railway.

While playing a game of football at Morden, Man., Donald Ainsley slipped and fell on the knee of one of his companions, causing rupture of the intestines, from which he died.

Mrs. John S. Mellville, of Midland, was found drowned in the bay. It is supposed she left home early in the morning and suicided while in a state of temporary aberration caused by ill health.

Michael King, of Toronto, has been sentenced to five years' imprisonment on three charges of stealing a tray of rings from Kent's jewelry store, burglarizing the house of Mr. Ireland, of Orde street, and holding up James Wheater on a highway and robbing him of $75.

The corner stone of the new Carmelite hospital was laid at Niagara Falls with imposing ceremonies. Archbishop Walsh of Toronto took a prominent part and the clergy were present from both sides of the line. The structure will cost $80,000, and will be an additional attraction to that historical neighborhood.

The wife of P. Barnes, a car checker on the C. P. R. at Brockville, gave birth to triplets, three boys. The babies are full grown, perfectly formed, and tip the beam in the aggregate at seventeen pounds. The doctor says he would not have missed the event for $100, as it is the first case of the kind he ever experienced in his practice.

The steamer City of Midland, of the North Shore Navigation line, plying from Collingwood to the American Soo, was caught by special customs officers in the act of transferring coal oil and lubricating oil to another of the company's steamers which runs solely in Canadian waters. This being an act of smuggling the oil was confiscated and the owners of the steamer fined $400, which was promptly paid.

The Northwest Navigation company's steamer Colville was burned to the water's edge at her dock at Grand Rapids at 4.30 on Sunday morning, the 15th inst. The cause of the fire is unknown. The fire gained headway so rapidly that all attempts to extinguish it by pumps had to be abandoned. She was cut adrift from the dock and scuttled as quickly as possible, and her remains now lie in shallow water on the shore of the Saskatchewan river. No lives were lost. The crew, however, escaped with but a portion of their clothing.

REVELSTOKE NEWS.

Bush Fires—New Quartz Discoveries—Lardeau Creek Diggings.

Revelstoke Mail.

The tramway from the Silver King to Nelson will shortly be commenced.

Mr. T. Livingston Haig has received the appointment of customs officer for Revelstoke from the Dominion government.

Bush fires are devastating the mountains for miles along the C. P. R. between Sicamous and Revelstoke. Trains have had to dash through the fiery belt at full speed, and in some cases have been delayed considerably. Thursday's westbound train was held here till ten o'clock yesterday morning on account of fire on the track, the station at Griffin Lake being badly scorched. All the passes are full of smoke, which obscures the sun, but does not seem to lessen the heat much.

Ben Finnell, the three Thompson boys and Martin Maurier were prospecting about two miles in a southerly direction from the Fisher Maiden, when one of the party—Ben Finnell—while following up a gulch, found float and soon came upon a ledge about 5 feet wide. Following up the gulch he found more ledges, one of which was 12 feet and the other 20 feet wide. The main ledge extended for a long distance and, as Ben described it, looked like a wagon road. Galena was seen cropping out in a number of places. The party staked five claims on this ledge. In one place where the galena cropped out they stripped it two feet wide for a distance of 15 feet. Some of the ore brought in for assaying ran from 104 to 154 ounces of silver. The ledges being so extensive warrant the belief that it is one of the most valuable finds ever made in the district, and gives a new impetus to prospecting.

A strike was made a few days ago on the south fork of Lardeau creek which is of great importance to the Trout Lake camp. During last winter between seven and eight thousand dollars in course gold and nuggets was secured by about twenty miners, using the gold pan and shovel only. This was taken from off a false bed rock, about four feet from the surface. This false bed rock was composed of a cemented glacier sediment. Many an argument occurred amongst the miners as to whether the sediment was formed previous to or after the run of gold. It remained for plucky Joe Bisette to solve the problem. A small wingdam, a shaft, and $300 in nuggets cleaned from the solid bed rock—six good feet below the sediment—was the result of his single-handed operations. The creek is 15 miles in length, and gold has been found more or less its full length. The regular excitement of claim-locating and claim-jumping is in full blast. Wingdams, pumps and wheels of a substantial character are under construction. We are expecting to hear of splendid results.

The American Line.

The decision of the American line to start their steamers regularly at 11 o'clock every sailing day hereafter will be hailed with joy by transatlantic travelers, says the New York Sun of June 12. Eleven o'clock in the morning is the best hour to leave, because it gives the passenger a chance to eat luncheon off Fort Hamilton and get his dinner as the steamer goes along the Long Island coast, and before any really decided motion of the ship is observable. If a passenger can get to bed early without being seasick, the chances are much in favor of a successful trip across the water, as a good sleep the first night out is supposed to be a preventive of seasickness, according to the ship stewards. When the steamer leaves at four or five o'clock in the morning the entire ship load of passengers are upset and knocked out of the regular order of things before they start. Another good feature of the 11 o'clock starting hour is that the passengers will be able to dine on the following Wednesday night in London. The company almost goes so far as to guarantee this, and the records of their ships for the past two years makes this as near a certainty as anything can be in which the Atlantic Ocean figures as a principal disturbing influence. The new arrangement is made possible by the deepening of the channel near Sandy Hook, which has been going on steadily for some time. Ships of the heaviest draught are now able to pass over the bar at any condition of tide.

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

USE

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts,	Burns,
Corns,	Bruises,
Chilblains,	Bunions,

Cracks between the Toes,

Scalds,	Piles,
Swellings,	Ulcers,
Stiff Joints,	Old Sores,

Inflammation of all kinds,

Lame Back,	Pimples,
Rheumatism,	Pustules,
Caked Breasts,	Eruptions,

Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote **J. W. MELLOR,** Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—Dr. Harington has removed his office to his new home, corner of Kane and Blanchard street.

—I. O. O. F. excursion to Seattle on steamer Islander Saturday, July 28th. Return trip $1.50. *

—The half-yearly general meeting of the Victoria Building Society will be held next Saturday evening.

—The Canadian-Australian liner Arawa left Sydney for Victoria on Friday. She will be here August 8 or 9.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—Stadthagen, the cheapest grocer, sells granulated sugar for $5 a hundred weight. Hams 13 cents a pound. 165 1-2 Douglas street, second house from Chatham street. *

—The ladies' aid of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, will give a raspberry social and concert to-night. The concert programme will include a number of sacred airs.

—Miss Sayyea will give an informal talk on physical culture in the Institute hall, View street, on Friday afternoon at 3 p.m., July 27th. The subject will be illustrated by appropriate exercises. Admission 25 cents. *

—There will be a meeting of the directors of the B. C. Agricultural Association at the city hall at eight o'clock this evening. The dates of this year's exhibition will very likely be decided upon so a full attendance of the board is earnestly requested.

—Tudor Blair, at one time engineer on the City of Kingston and quite well-known here, died suddenly at Seattle on Saturday. He expired while seated in a chair at the Broadway street pumping station. He was 30 years of age and married.

—Messrs. Lawson & Bennett, of the city brewery, have dissolved partnership and the brewery will be closed. Mr. Bennett has formed a co-partnership with John Leahy of the Colonial brewery on Johnson street and business will be carried on at the latter place by Leahy & Bennett and the brewery will be known as the Colonial and City breweries, amalgamated.

—Captain Foot and Harry Thompson fully identified the body found off Macaulay Point on Friday as that of F. Allan Vernon, and gave evidence to that effect at the inquest held by Coroner Hasell on Saturday night. There was other evidence as to the sinking of the Undine and a verdict of accidental drowning was returned by the jury. The body of Vernon was interred on Saturday evening.

—Rev. J. E. Gardner, the Methodist missionary among the Chinese in Victoria, has given up the work here in order to engage in similar work in China. He will leave for the new field probably on the next outgoing boat and will be accompanied by his family. The vacancy created will be filled at an early date. Mr. Gardner is specially fitted for the work, being a good Chinese scholar and knowing the Chinese thoroughly.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Dwyer took place this morning from the family home, Pandora street, and St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral. Requiem mass was celebrated at the cathedral by Rev. Father Nicolaye, and Rev. Father Van Nevel officiated at the grave. The pall bearers were: T. J. Burnes, T. Deasy, C. McDowell, M. Brown, P. Everett, M. McTiernan, F. Hindes and J. Leahy.

—A San Francisco dispatch of Saturday says: Advices brought by the Asiatic steamer from the sealers in Japan waters are not very encouraging to the managing owners. The catch, as reported at Yokohama, was as follows: Alton, 700; Allie Algar, 1,350; Annie E. Paint, 1,200; Agnes McDon- [illegible] 309; Bonanza, 1,724; Brenda, 2,393; Bowhead, 1,200; Carlotta J. Fox, 1,900; C. G. White, 670; City of San Diego, 950; Diana, 1,961; E. B. Marvin, 1,700; Emma Louisa, 1,097; Fawn, 893; Herman, 969; Libbie, 1,010; Mary Ellen, 1,909; Oscar and Hattie, 1,735; Penelope, 1,306; Prescott, 329; Rose Sparks (lost), 860; Rosie Olsen, 1,032; Rattler, 1,044; Sadie Turpel, 1,700; Therese, 686; W. P. Hall, 715; Umbrina, 2,420; Viva, 1,436; Vera, 1,200; Teresa, 1,166. Skins are worth only $14.50 each, and that means that each schooner must have 1,600 skins on board to pay expenses. The average catch falls below that. All in all, the season has been a disastrous one. Four schooners are known to be a total loss, over eighty men have lost their lives, four captains among them, and the catch is only a medium one so far as reported." The price quoted is not correct, for skins now are hardly worth over $10

—Family scales at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Indians are making good catches of salmon in the Straits.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—We can recommend the "Mason" fruit jar as thoroughly reliable. Weiler Bros. *

—Tickets for the I. O. O. F. excursion are selling rapidly. Secure one before they are all sold. *

—Prepare for the "fruit season" by getting your preserving crocks, kettles, etc., at Weiler Bros.' *

—A meeting of the Board of School Trustees will be held in the police chambers, city hall, on Wednesday evening.

—Residents of lower Johnson street complain of the presence of a small bear which roams around that neighborhood.

—There were several hundred excursionists in the city yesterday waiting for the Alaska and San Francisco steamers.

—David Lister, a pioneer of Tacoma and founder of the Washington coke industry, died in Olympia on Saturday, aged 73 years.

—The stock in trade of the firm of J. Johnston & Co., stationers, is for sale by tender to the 15th of August next, as per circular issued. *

—California mail, which was delayed between San Francisco and Portland for three weeks, on account of the strike, arrived on Saturday.

—Charles W. Rhodes, W. H. Pegram and George Harvey returned last night from Cowichan, where they spent several days fishing. They had very good luck, all taking large baskets. Mr. Rhodes, with a commendable desire to preserve his veracity from even suspicion, insists that he only caught three fish.

—R. G. Penn, United States immigration inspector, with headquarters in Vancouver, is in the city. He is preparing for a month's leave of absence, which he will spend in his home in Virginia. During his absence the work of the office will be in charge of Inspector Ryall. Mr. Penn is here to arrange certain matters of business before leaving.

—The steamer Maude returned yesterday morning from the West Coast. She brought down several bags of pulp manufactured by the B. C. Paper Milling Company. A number of prospectors who have been looking for ore along the West Coast returned to the city. Salmon and other fish are reported very plentiful in the West Coast bays and harbors.

—The bark Martha Davis arrived in last evening in tow of the tug Lorne. She is from San Francisco, and is on her way to Comox to load coal. The voyage up the coast was made in fair time, and was devoid of anything of special interest. The Lorne will tow the Davis to Comox to-day, leaving sometime this afternoon. The Davis was towed in with the City of Glasgow.

—On Saturday night, and also last night, the steamer City of Kingston brought large shipments of eastern freight. It was all freight that had been delayed by the strike on the Northern Pacific, and furnished pretty good evidence that that line is again open for service from end to end. Passenger service is again on the old standard, it is to be hoped, for a long time.

—The Dominion steamer Quadra leaves early in the morning for Nanaimo, and subsequently the Sandheads. All the harbor buoys in Nanaimo harbor will be overhauled, and if possible pile beacons will be erected to show the fairway lights instead of the buoys, as at present. The Quadra will replace the bell buoy, which has had its annual cleaning, at the Sandheads before returning to Victoria.

—"Costly thy dress as thy purse can be," is a favorite adage, but very often the real cost will not realize the desire. Ladies are often disappointed in the make-up of the costliest fabrics they can procure. Such, however, have never purchased Priestley's famous dress fabrics which have justly earned the reputation of being the best black dress goods in existence in respect to durability, flexibility and a fitting quality—that is to say an easy yielding to nice contours—which always produces the loveliest effects.

—The report is current that the Russian government has paid William Moore, of Pictou, N. S., $40,000 indemnity for the illegal seizure of the schooner Willie McGowan in 1892. The report is not credited here on account of the amount stated. The schooner and equipment were hardly worth $7,500, and the skins not over $5,000, and with interest and a liberal allowance besides the total could hardly be over $20,000. R. P. Rithet & Co, the former agents of Mr. Moore, have no knowledge of the supposed settlement. The Willie McGowan was built in Nova Scotia, and was on her first sealing cruise here. She was seized in the fall of 1892 outside of the 30 mile limit around the Commander islands, about which there has been so much contention.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large
CRAYON, $1.

"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

SECRETARY HAMLIN HERE.

He is on His Way to Behring Sea to Make Certain Sealing Investigations.

Will Determine the Number of Seals the Commercial Company May Kill.

Charles S. Hamlin, assistant secretary of the United States treasury, arrived here at four o'clock yesterday afternoon on the United States revenue cutter Grant. He was accompanied by Collector J. C. Saunders, of Port Townsend, and District Attorney W. H. Brinker, of Tacoma. The party went to the Driard, and later spent the evening driving about the city. Mr. Hamlin is on his way to Behring sea, and will leave some time this afternoon on the cutter Rush. He is to look into sealing matters generally, and more particularly is to determine the number of seals which the commercial company may kill at the Pribyloff islands without injury to the herds. He talked to a Times reporter for a short time last evening about his trip. "Your coast is a revelation to me," said he. "I had a general idea of it geographically, but hardly the faintest conception of the extent, wealth, development and population. I have direct supervision over the customs service, and in addition to looking into some sealing matters of importance have had something to attend to at almost every custom house on the coast. The strike delayed me and I am behind time somewhat. The Rush will take the outside course, and from Cape Flattery will steer directly for Unalaska. It is difficult to say how long I shall be away, but very likely it will be December 15 before I reach Washington again. I shall very likely go home over the C. P. R. I greatly admired the Sound and broad straits, and think you have a beautiful and prosperous city here." As to sealing matters Mr. Hamlin did not say anything beyond generalities.

Mr. Hamlin is with one exception the youngest man who ever held such an important post in any administration in the United States. He is but 31 years of age, and for a number of years has been rated a very able lawyer. He is of the same family as Hannibal Hamlin, ex-vice-president of the United States. He is a close friend of President Cleveland, and of the young men in the administration is easily the brightest. He is generally believed to have drawn the new tariff bill, or at least planned the features of it suggested by the administration. He is a native of Boston, a graduate of Harvard, and always practiced his profession in Boston.

Judge Brinker left for Tacoma on the steamer City of Kingston last evening, and Collector Saunders left for Tacoma on the cutter Grant at 5 o'clock this morning. The marine who refused to do duty against the Northern Pacific strikers is still in irons on the Grant, but he will be released as soon as his dismissal from the service is authorized from Washington. The cutter Rush, which is to convey Mr. Hamlin north, arrived here this morning and is in the outer harbor.

TWO ATTEMPTS AT SUICIDE.

The Cook of the City of Glasgow Cuts His Throat and Jumps Overboard.

The British ship City of Glasgow, Capt. Morrison, 129 days from Cardiff with coal for the navy yard, arrived here last night. She was picked up off the cape and towed into Esquimalt by the tug Lorne. The cook, a man named Edward Kebbay, from Bristol, was the source of about all the news which the trip produced. Three days out from Glasgow he cut his throat and came within an inch of ending his life. By the greatest possible care he was brought around. On his recovery he seemed all right until the cape was reached, when one fine day he walked to the rail and stepped overboard. A boat was hurriedly lowered and the cook, with a fair cargo of water aboard, was fished out. He was easily resuscitated, and has ever since been all right. The poor fellow suffered a severe sunstroke in the West Indies several years ago, and periodically his reason deserts him. The ship had fair and light winds all the way around. She will begin discharging coal to-morrow, the work being in charge of Cotes & McDonald.

The City of Glasgow is to be the first vessel of the salmon fleet to load. She has been chartered by Turner, Beeton & Co. and will take cargo here.

Law Intelligence.

Irving v. Mallette was set down for trial to-day but on account of the absence of some material and necessary witnesses did not come up, but stands over to a day to be fixed.

The Larson v. Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway Co. appeal will be finished today.

Marine.

The steamer Walla Walla arrived from San Francisco yesterday morning, having 250 passengers and 200 tons of freight for Victoria. Most of the passengers go east over the C. P. R. and Great Northern.

The steamer City of Puebla left for San Francisco last evening.

The Alaska excursion steamer Queen spent several hours here last evening on her way north.

Managuay, Nicaragua, July 22.—Four men were killed in a riot in Granada last night, growing out of a drunken row. The police were obliged to call on the soldiers to restore order.

Use Findley's Borax Soap

And you will have your flannels soft and white. Try it once and you will use no other.

VICTORIA SOAP WORKS, Cor. Herald and Government Sts

SALE! SALE!

Still Going on Cheaper Than Ever.

Ladies' Undervests, two Special Lines, 10c. and 35c. each.
Two Lines Sunshades, $3.75, now $1.75; $5, now $2.50.
All Wool Challies 45c., now 25c. per yard.
Just 100 Ladies' Blouses left at prices that will astonish.

AT THE

Manchester House, 88 Yates St.

T. HAUGHTON & CO.

The British Columbia
SUGAR REFINERY
...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4½c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality,	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. per lb.

(Applicable to Lots of 5 Barrels or equal)

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.

Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.

Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

WEILER BROS.,
51 to 55 Fort Street.

The following Goods have been received during the last few days:

RATTAN AND BAMBOO GOODS, Great Variety,
WILTON HEARTH RUGS, Special Value,
SEAMLESS WILTON SQUARES, All Sizes,
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY SQUARES, Various Sizes,
BORDERED COCOA MATS,
FIGURED JAPANESE CREPES.

Canada Part 7 Coupon.

A COUPON APPEARS IN ALL ISSUES OF THIS PAPER.

Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

Name________________

Address________________

N. B.—Remember, only one Coupon required for each part.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 16.

Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 16 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

THE PROVINCE.

Items of Interest Gleaned from the British Columbia Press—Bush Fires.

Settlers Suffer Heavy Losses at Salmon Arm—Mining Intelligence, etc.

VERNON.

Vernon News.

New exhibition buildings for the agricultural society are to be erected at Vernon.

A fire brigade has been organized at Vernon, with the following officers: Captain, G. G. Henderson; First Lieutenant, T. E. Crowell; Second Lieutenant, E. Simmons; Secretary, W. T. Shatford; Treasurer, J. A. McKelvie. The old hand engine at Yale and the hose cart have been purchased from the government for $100.

The Vernon mill loan bonds ($5000) have been sold at 105.

Mr. George Riley, of the well known firm of railway contractors, Messrs. Patterson & Riley, has been paying a visit to the district.

Haying is well under way and in most sections the crop is reported fully up to the average.

Mr. C. H. Archibald has the contract for the foundation and stone work of the grist mill and started operations this week.

For the third time Sheriff Pemberton offered 66 acres of the Norman McDonald ranch for sale on Monday at the court house. Bidding was by no means spirited and it was finally knocked down to Mr. E. Weddel, of Kelowna, for $1600, or a little over $24 per acre.

Constable Thompson took Duncan McCallum to the insane asylum. The unfortunate man is an old-timer and well known.

Mr. A. B. Knox's experiment with tobacco culture at Kelowna is likely to prove a success. The plants are flourishing and promise a big crop.

The Columbia Flouring Mill of Enderby, B. C., after having been shut down for repairs three months, has resumed operations.

The hydraulic company on Mission creek are still busy sinking for bed rock; their shaft is now about 60 feet down and they expect to "bottom" at any moment. Several Chinamen and a few white miners who have placer claims on this creek, are reported to be making fair wages.

Thomas Ellis, the well known stock man of Penticton, had a narrow escape from drowning last week. He was swimming his horse across the Okanagan river when the animal turned over on its side, and Mr. Ellis, losing his seat, was swept down by the swift current. It was not until unsuccessful efforts had been made to pull him out by the bridge party that he was rescued by a boat some distance below the bridge.

Immense damage has been done near the mission by bush fires which have been raging for several days past. Nearly all the range south of Mission creek has been burnt over. There is also a fire on the west side of the lake, between Shorts' ranch and Bear Creek and damage of a serious nature will also result to the range on this side.

It is stated that the agitation at Mission to organize a company for the purpose of erecting and operating a canning establishment and jam factory is likely to take definite shape in the near future. Several prominent residents of that district, of well known business ability, are interested in the scheme and feel certain such an institution could be run with profit.

Mr. Stanley Kirby, who has a ranch on the Okanagan mission bench lands, on returning home last Saturday night, after an absence of three days, found his house in a heap of smouldering ruins, the fire having completely destroyed the building and contents which, in addition to his personal effects, consisted of a quantity of harness, tools, etc.

A new industry, which promises to develop into an important and lucrative business, is to be started in Vernon by Ald. Meyer and a local company. Mr. Meyer resided many years in Japan, where all the houses are walled over with tile to make them fire proof, the same material also being universally used for the roofs. For the past eighteen months Mr. Meyer has been experimenting with clays to be found near Vernon, in order to find the necessary ingredients for the manufacture of the right kind of article, and has succeeded at last in his efforts, all the necessary material being obtainable near the town. The tiles so far made by hand, are first class in quality, and the company lately formed intend to manufacture on a larger scale and build a house in the town which will be roofed and walled with them as a standing advertisement of their utility. The points claimed in their favor are that they cost no more than rustic or shingling, that they can be put on by any ordinary mechanic, and that they render the building warm in winter and cool in summer. That there will be a local market for these tiles is confidently expected, but the promoters are sensible enough to acknowledge beforehand that the freight rates over the S. & O. and the C. P. R. will render any effort to push their business beyond the district impossible. Flower pots, drain pipes and other articles will also be made out of the same clay.

OKANAGAN MISSION.

The water in the lake is lowering and the main street of Kelowna will soon know high water mark no more, for this season at least. Not much damage has been done, but considerable inconvenience caused.

Haying has fairly commenced and the crop is a very good one. Some of the grain fields look light, but the extra acreage put in this spring will ensure fully as large a yield as last fall. Hops, in some places, have been damaged by an overdose of water. Vegetables and fruit are doing well. There is a good prospect ahead, provided a market can be reached at reasonable freight charges.

NAKUSP.

Nakusp Ledge.

J. O'Leary, contractor, is incapacitated by an accident, one of the smaller bones near the ankle being broken.

Upward of 150 men are now employed among the various mines in the Slocan and this number bids fair to be doubled.

The lake has receded over 14 feet from high water mark.

Thirty inches of clean galena have been struck on the Surprise.

The Goat Canyon Placer Mining company, with headquarters at Nakusp, has been formed to work a combined claim of 1200 feet of the Cariboo creek gold fields. Twelve men comprise the company, and during the week they perfected their plans and elected W. S. Murray president, and G. M. Spencer secretary. They have put six men at work preparing the ground for washing, making sluice boxes, etc.

Forest fires have been, and are, raging all over the country, particularly around Slocan lake, destroying much timber.

It is reported that 75 per cent. of the stock necessary to build the Kaslo & Slocan railway has been subscribed by capitalists, and the company want the mine owners to put up the balance.

The receipts at the recording office in New Denver for the month of June were $1662, the largest in its history. Over $800 of this amount was taken in for miners' licenses.

Out of 100 miles of telegraph line in West Kootenay only 20 miles were left standing after the great storm of last month.

A rate of $10 per ton is said to be given on ore from Trail Creek to the smelter at Tacoma by the C. P. R.

It takes two weeks for a pack train to make the round trip between Revelstoke and the Big Bend.

Over 20 gold seekers went down on the Arrow to Burton city on Saturday.

F. G. Fauquier, P. O., has been appointed mining recorder for the Cariboo creek district.

Mountain goats are numerous on the highest peaks in the rear of this town. They are very wary and difficult to approach.

One of Hon. Mr. Davie's statements here on Friday was that the C. P. R. had given him assurances that the railroad would be extended from Nakusp to the head of Arrow lake, and connect there with the R. & A. L. road.

A meeting of the school board was held yesterday. D. A. McDougald was elected chairman; F. W. Jordan, secretary; F. G. Fauquier, treasurer. Work will soon commence on the new school.

SALMON ARM.

Forest fires have done a great deal of damage in this locality. Mr. Wallace lost a new barn, a pile of pine lumber, and all of his hewn logs, of which he intended to build a new house this fall. From there the fire took to the foot hills until it arrived upon the ranch of Mr. Fred McGregor, where it again struck down into the valley and surrounded his residence, and but for the timely aid of Messrs. Kidd and Raby, his buildings could not possibly have been saved. After passing this point it destroyed Mr. Raby's house, fences and crops, Mr. Merrill's barn and outbuildings, Mr. Rumble's barns, outbuildings, fences and crops and Mr. W. Shaw's house, barns, fences and all his farming implements. On the west side of the river the fire did no damage to buildings but did damage to crops. The following are the principal sufferers: Mr. Fred McGregor, two and a half acres of potatoes; Mr. Wallace, barn and crops; Mr. Raby, house and crops; Mr. Merrill, barn, fence and outbuildings; Mr. Rumble, barn, fence and four acres of potatoes; Mr. W. Shaw, house, barn, implements, fences and crops.

KAMLOOPS.

Kamloops Sentinel.

Bush fires have been raging in Mount Ida settlement, and Mr. Albert Piper lost his house, together with furniture, clothing and tools.

On Saturday last the by-law to raise the sum of $15,000 to purchase an electric lighting plant was defeated at the polls by 43 to 14 votes. The agitation now is all for water works.

The body of the little daughter of Mr. N. Latremouille, who was drowned near her father's home in Kamloops two weeks ago, was found on the shore of the river in the Hudson Bay Company's meadow by a Chinaman. It was covered with sediment but not much disfigured. It was reported that the body of one of the men who had lost their lives in the explosion of the steamer Queen had also been found, but this was proved to be incorrect.

A sad drowning occurred on Wednesday afternoon about two o'clock, by which Mr. James Bayntun, barber, lost his life, leaving a wife and a numerous family of small children almost destitute. He had gone in bathing off the steamer Peerless, and not being a good swimmer, undertook a greater task than he was able for. The accident was witnessed by his son and others, but the body could not be recovered at once and by the time it was taken out all the efforts of Dr. Lambert and others to recall life were of no avail.

GOLDEN.

Golden Era.

Bush fires are raging all around us and the town is enveloped in smoke. Anxiety was felt for Donald, the fires in that neighborhood being very close to the town.

The town was startled on Monday evening by the news of Miss Lang's death. She was out riding, accompanied by her cousin, Mr. G. B. McDermot, when she complained of a pain in her side; shortly after she fell from her horse dead. Dr. Taylor was called and said death had resulted from some heart trouble.

The immorality which prevails in our town to-day is a disgrace to any civilized community. Silence has been kept too long in this matter, but things have come to such a state that it is impossible to hold back any longer. The most conspicuous person on the streets of Golden today is a prostitute. This class of people are allowed more liberty here than our respectable citizens. Why this should be so is beyond our comprehension and the only explanation seems to be that the government officials here do not perform their duty. Only this week we find a government official actually pleading in an open court in behalf of those disreputable characters against a poor workingman who was probably enticed to one of those houses, fleeced of every cent, and finally accused of stealing some trumpery jewelry. Two or three times last winter several of those women made the streets resound with their shrieks and curses yet no arrests were made, in fact these people seem to be shielded from the law rather than otherwise. It is time the residents of Golden made some move in the matter and not sit quietly by and see the minds of their young corrupted by the immorality which exists here at the present time.

FAIRVIEW.

Fairview Advance.

The crops in the White Valley are, generally speaking, better than those in the rest of the Okanagan and Spallumcheen. The same may be said for Kettle river, where the high water has subirrigated a large quantity to a nicety.

Though crops on the majority of the bench lands in the Mission valley are poor this year for want of rain, still some of them are good, the best being those put in away high up in the mountains by the American families who took up preemptions last fall and this spring above the Postill and McKay ranges.

The wingdam at the head of the Laura Hydraulic Company's claim at the mouth of Rock creek was washed out by the flood, which will necessitate two months' work to replace before things can be got into working order again. This claim has been worked for a number of years and a large amount of gold taken out of it.

County court will at last be held this fall where it should have been held regularly for several years past—a sitting at Midway having been fixed for October 20. This is owing to the appropriation lately made by the Dominion government for the salary of a separate county court judge for Kootenay, which was voted over a month ago. No judge has yet been appointed for that county, but Judge Spinks will not hold county court again in its limits. It is generally believed that Mr. Spragge will get the appointment, as he has a political "pull."

Unlike the Dutch Process
No Alkalies
—or—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S
BreakfastCocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

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Royal Art Union
LIMITED,
OF THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Capital Stock: $150,000.

Incorporated to Promote Art.

This Company will distribute among its subscribers, on the
31st Day of July, 1894,
3,432 Works of Art, aggregating in value $65,115. Every subscriber has an equal chance.

The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at $18,756. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price $1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

Send money for subscriptions by registered letter, money order, bank check or draft, to

THE NEW BRUNSWICK
ROYAL ART UNION, Ltd.,
St. John, N. B.

Circulars and full information mailed free.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Ladies,
Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.
LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN.

For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-&f

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for business to all points east and south. Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe. Office, Adelphi building, Government street. E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent.

SPECIAL TOUR
Around the World
100 Days
For 100 Guineas.

5 CONTINENTS VISITED
Europe, Asia, Africa Australia and across America by the
CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Steamship Miowera leaves Southampton about 27th August, 1894.

For particulars apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Cor. Fort and Government Streets, or to any Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—
Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
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To
St. Paul,
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Duluth,
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THROUGH TICKETS
To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED	Victoria Route.	TONNAGE
18 knots	S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."	1117

8 30 pm	Lv	M'l	*Victoria..	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..Tacoma..	M'l	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.
E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.
A. D. CHARLTON
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TRAINS DEPARTING ON TIME
Great Northern Railway
THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO.
ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 4th, 1894, at 2 p. m.
For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St.
For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 5,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer
Monowai, Thursday, July 26th, at 2 p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English mails
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.,
General Agents,
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PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y
Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.
Walla Walla .... July 27
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23,
Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.
Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.
Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday, at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.
Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.
Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.
The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. Miles from Wellington.	SOUTH BOUND. No. 2 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	SOUTH BOUND. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. Miles from Victoria.	NORTH BOUND. No. 1. Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	NORTH BOUND. No. 2 Passenger Daily.
78	Ar. 8:00 P M	Ar. 12:30 P M	VICTORIA	[illegible]	De. 3:00 P M	De. 8:00 A M
77	7:36	12:20	RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	3:06	8:06
[illegible]	7:18	12:10	ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	3:16	8:14
[illegible]	7:28	11:45 A M	GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	3:35	8:30
[illegible]	6:59	11:10	SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	4:05	9:14
[illegible]	6:37	10:50	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	4:27	9:26
[illegible]	6:27	10:40	COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	4:37	9:44
[illegible]	6:15	10:27	McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	4:50	9:57
[illegible]	6:05	10:17	KOKSILAH	[illegible]	4:59	10:07
[illegible]	6:00	10:12	DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	5:04	10:12
[illegible]	5:52	10:00	SOMENOS	[illegible]	5:12	10:26
[illegible]	5:32	9:36	CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	5:32	10:48
[illegible]	5:15	9:15	OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	5:40	11:00
[illegible]	[illegible]	De 8:31	NANAIMO	73	—	Ar. 11:30
[illegible]	4:42	Ar 8:25			6:22	De. 11:39
[illegible]	De. 4:30	De 8:10	WELLINGTON	78	—	Ar. 12:10 P M

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS
Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.
Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.
No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.
Through rates between Victoria and Comox.
Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.
A. DUNSMUIR, President.
JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!
TO SAN FRANCISCO
—AND—
ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,
Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the
Southern Pacific Company
The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South
Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast
PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.
Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars
Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.
For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address
THOS. A. GRAHAM,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
No. 1106 Pacific Ave
Tacoma, Wash.
E. P. ROGERS,
Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.
STEAMER
JOAN
J. E. BUTLER, Master.
On and after March 22nd, 1893,
Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:
Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:
Leave Victoria.......Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.......Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursdays at 4 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.......Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.......Saturday, 7 a.m.
Trips to [illegible] discontinued.
For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria [illegible] Store street.

A Large Line of STRAW HATS Just to Hand. Also a Line of Those Cheap Summer Suits at $7.50 per Suit. See Them. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

PREPARING FOR WAR.

China and Japan Both Actively Engaged and Anxious to Fight.

Japan Has an Advantage at Sea But China Can Muster a Better Army.

Yokohama, July 22.—The Korean government has consented to the reforms proposed by Japan. British and United States marines have been landed at Seoul, the capital of Korea, in order to protect the British and American legations. China having requested that Japanese warships be not allowed to enter the Chinese treaty ports, Japan, replying, maintains the right to enter these ports at any time. The attitude of the population generally is warlike. It has been learned here that fifteen thousand Chinese troops have received orders to proceed with all possible dispatch to Korea.

Japan has chartered all the Mitsuti Bussan company's ships, in addition to the sixteen already chartered from the Wusen Kaishat company. Japan has prohibited the departure of the Ysen.

Shanghai, July 21.—The report that war has been declared between China and Japan is not yet confirmed, but China is preparing for war. The Chinese are blocking the northern passage of the Yangtsekiang, the great river of China. Incoming vessels are thus compelled to pass nearer the Woosung forts. Telegraph communication with Peking has been stopped on account of floods.

Yokohama, June 30.—(Per steamer City of Rio de Janeiro to San Francisco, July 21.)—On June 23 the Korean minister to Japan called on the Japanese minister of foreign affairs and announced that he was about to take his leave to report to his government the feeling and policy of the Japanese towards Korea. At about the same time, as the result of the cabinet council attended by the Emperor of Japan, the Japanese government dispatched Kato Masao, the chief councillor of the foreign office, to Korea as a special messenger of the government. He carried full instructions to the Japanese minister at Korea.

The native press reports that the attempt to induce Otori, Japanese minister at Korea, to withdraw the Japanese troops having been unsuccessful, Viceroy Li telegraphed directly to Count Ito, asking him to withdraw the troops, and that it was this extraordinary request that caused the meetings of the Japanese council in the presence of the emperor on June 22 and 23. It is claimed that the Japanese government decided to positively refuse the request.

The native papers also announce that the Russian minister wrote to the Korean minister of foreign affairs on June 5, declaring that the Korean rebellion is not at all to be feared: that the rebels are simply ignorant Koreans, and that if they should enter Seoul and threaten the destruction of the state the friendly powers would not look on with folded arms. This letter gives rise again to reports that Russia and France are ready to interfere in the event of more serious trouble.

Relative to the rebellion, the native papers continue to report that the rebels are more than holding their own in Senshu, and that they are so powerful that the weak government troops dare not attack them.

A Korean newspaper of June 16 announces warlike preparations by the Chinese in Seoul and Jenchuan, who were preparing to send their women and children to the home country. These preparations were made under official instructions.

On the morning of June 22 the Chinese government sent six or seven thousand soldiers from the coast of Tiku in six men-of-war, which steamed up the Taido Ko from Ping Yang, about fifty miles from Seoul. The preparations of China to establish a force of twelve or thirteen thousand soldiers in Korea caused the Japanese council, on the 23rd of June, to resolve that the number of Japanese soldiers to be sent to the peninsula should reach ten thousand, to be followed by more if the movements of China warranted it. It is also rumored that Russia intends to send troops to Jenchuan, probably to proceed overland to Seoul. It is claimed also that the Chinese government has been smuggling soldiers into Korea in citizens' guise and that Chinese munitions of war have been sent in, ostensibly as Korean army supplies. At present there are at Jenchuan nine Chinese men-of-war, and one each of American, French and Russian. When the steamer sailed it was claimed there were five thousand Chinese troops at Jenchuan and one thousand at Seoul. It was also reported that one thousand more had left Tokyo on June 25. The Japanese officers, it is said, have been instructed that if the Chinese should show the slightest signs of attack, not to stand on the defensive, but to attack and put the enemy to rout. The Japanese commanders have instructed their soldiers to sleep in their uniforms and be prepared for engaging at a moment's notice.

Kato, chief councillor of the Japan foreign office, who was sent to Korea with important instructions to the Japanese minister, was due to arrive at Seoul the day following the departure of the steamer City of Rio from Yokohama. It was believed that his negotiations would terminate the dispute, either in peace or in actual hostilities. The conditions laid down by the Japanese government are said to be to the following effect: That it is out of the question that Japan and China should co-operate, either with regard to the suppression of the rebellion or the reform of political affairs, railway management, etc., so as to make Korea a purely independent country, which is necessary for maintaining the balance of power in the Orient; consequently, if China should not agree to the plans now in progress of negotiation, Japan would have to carry out these things herself. These negotiations are said to have been first made with the Korean government and later with the Chinese minister. It is announced that the Japanese government has demanded of the Korean government that both the home administration and diplomatic affairs should be extensively reformed; that communication and transportation be promoted and facilitated; that as the protection of Japanese residents is most necessary in carrying out these reforms, Japanese troops would not be readily withdrawn. Yet if the Korean government wishes the Japanese troops to be withdrawn at the same time as the reforms are commenced, China should first be requested to withdraw her troops.

MABEL LAKE COUNTRY.

A Rich Valley in the Okanagan Country Awaiting Settlement.

"J. H. C.," in the Vernon News, says: Let me call the attention of your readers to the Mabel Lake country, lying some twenty miles east of Vernon, a section of truly illimitable possibilities, a paradise for the sportsman, and as promising a field for the prospector as ever the foot of a 49er passed over. Upon the slopes of the mountains and upon the tributary streams immense banks of splendid timber exist, as fine as ever gladdened the eye of a mill owner. Between the hills immediately east of Vernon and the Mabel Lake nestles one of the loveliest valleys to be found in British Columbia, containing some 15,000 acres of the best fruit land, and much of this practically cleared from timber. Trinity valley—so called from the fact that three streams take their rise within it, viz.: Vance creek, whose eastern branch is feed from the springs and meadows of the southern portion of the valley, flows south and enters Harris creek some two miles below the towns of Lumby. Putman's creek, flowing northwest, drains meadows and low lands on the west side of the valley, entering the Spallumcheen some eight miles above Enderby. Christie's creek takes its rise from a number of small lakes nestling around the western base of Mount Burns, flowing in a north-easterly direction and entering the Mabel Lake some 200 yards from Christie's house on the south end of the lake. This Trinity Valley contains some extensive meadows covered with a growth of fine grass interspersed with small willows. The higher portions of the valley are composed of soil of the very best description. In years gone by fire has passed through this section and destroyed what must have been a magnificent body of white pine and other timber, practically clearing some hundreds of acres of land: this more particularly in the northern portion of the valley. To the south, near Lumby, the dry timber still stands or lies strewn upon the ground, awaiting the application of a match to clear acres in extent. The southern slopes of the mountains, more particularly those sloping towards Putman's creek, are covered with a luxuriant growth of bunch grass, vetch, pea vine and lupins. Innumerable springs and rivulets are met with along these slopes; and this favorable combination of soil, water and grass, will make Trinity Valley one of the most favored locations for the enterprising settler. From the appearance of the luxuriant plant growth, no necessity exists for irrigation, and it is a well-known fact that abundance of rain falls in this district. The valley can be reached by following either of the water courses indicated: That by Lumby is possibly the shortest but not necessarily the easiest; the Spallumcheen and Putman creek are probably as good as any.

In no other section of British Columbia does such opportunity abound for sportsmen to gratify their ruling passion; bear, cariboo and deer are met with on every range, whilst blue and ruffed grouse are plentiful and prairie chicken are fairly numerous at certain points: whilst Mabel lake and the streams flowing through the country generally will afford sport for the most ardent disciple of "ye ancient Walton."

THE ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

Of the H. B. Co. is Declared to be Ten Shillings per Share.

The annual meeting of the Hudson's Bay Company took place in London on the 16th ult. The accounts show £75,000 available for dividend. Out of this a dividend of ten shillings per share was declared, absorbing £50,000 and leaving £25,000 to be carried forward. From the report of the shareholders, it appears that there was a heavy decline in the prices realized for the furs sold in London in the early part of the year. Notwithstanding the prevailing depression, however, the saleshop business has steadily improved and is giving satisfactory returns. The receipts from the land department were less than the previous year, the principal decrease being in farm lands, owing to the general conditions applying, but the sale of lots in Winnipeg was stated to have made the result o. the land department better than it otherwise would have been. The concluding part of the report states that to the economies which have been recently enforced in all branches of the service, the profits now shown are in a large measure due. The report, under the depressed condition of trade generally, is looked upon with favor in London financial circles.

In France the telephone is used in many railway main lines. On a portion of the Vincennes railway a rather novel system is in vogue by which at a given signal on the telegraph instrument the operator connects the telegraph wires with a telephone for verbal communication. The large Austrian railways use field telephones, which may be connected with the telegraph wires at any point without interrupting telegraph communication.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal, in merit and efficiency, as a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness. It eradicates dandruff, keeps the scalp moist, clean, and healthy, and gives vitality and color to weak, faded and gray hair. The most popular of toilet articles.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

America Photographed

To those who follow closely the pages of "America Photographed" will be imparted a fund of information in the geography, topography, history and resources of North America that can be acquired from no other single work. It touches alike city, stream, mountain and forest. The almost unnumbered grandeurs of nature and

Most Interesting Works of Man

are pictured by photography and talked about by some of the best writers known. As an educator it will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings, triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

NEVER BEFORE

has such a newspaper premium been offered to the public on such terms. You will regret it if you do not secure this Art Album and Educational Storehouse.

The Times this week offers Part 16. Four more numbers will complete the series of 20 Parts. Subscribers who have not yet availed themselves of our magnificent offer, may do so still, as there are a few numbers of the first parts still on hand. When these are all gone we will not re-order.

Address,

TIMES, VICTORIA, B. C.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given to parties proposing to tender for supplying 300 tons (of 2240 lbs.) of cast iron coated, plain water-pipe and three and one quarter tons of special casting to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, that the time for receiving tenders for such supply has been extended until the 24th day of July next, at 4 p.m.

By order of the Council.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C. June 30th 1894.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 894.

JOHN MESTON,
Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR
For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Simpson, Strickland & Co
DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND.
Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.
KINGDON TRADE MARK
SOLE MAKERS OF
Kingdon's Patent Machinery,
—FOR—
STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.
We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.
OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.
The materials and the workmanship are the best.
Write for catalogue and price list.

Shawnigan ❄
❄ Lake.
Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.
GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.
my28-1m

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

YACHTING.

THE TABLES TURNED.

Kingston, Dublin Bay, July 21.—The Vigilant won to-day under conditions hitherto considered unfavorable to her. She finished the fifty mile course 3 minutes and 39 seconds ahead of the Britannia, not reckoning the time allowance, which will reduce it to about 1 minute and 10 seconds. The prize competed for was $300, offered by the Royal St. George Yacht club, and the course sailed was the same as that sailed yesterday. A light breeze was blowing at the start. It did not increase to any appreciable extent during the progress of the race, but died away at times so that the yachts could make no headway. The Vigilant crossed the starting line 34 seconds ahead. At the conclusion of the first round of the course, which is nearly quadrangular, she was 4 minutes 22 seconds in the lead, but in the second round the Brittannia had reduced the advantage to 1 minute 57 seconds. This was as close as the yachts were at any time during the round, which was finished by the winning boat at 6.45.04, the Britannia coming up at 6.48.42.

VIGILANT DON'T SUIT HIM.

Kingstown, July 21.—Herreschoff has received a commission from George Gould to build another yacht for him lighter than the Vigilant. It will be constructed entirely of bronze instead of being steel up to the water line.

Queenstown, July 23.—The Vigilant and Britannia raced to-day for a prize offered by the Royal Munster Yacht club over a fifty mile course. A start was made under a spanking northwest breeze. The boats crossed the starting line together, with the Britannia in the weather position, but the Vigilant drew away immediately, and at Daunt's rock, the first mark in the course, was over a minute ahead. At Roche's Point, the third mark in the course, she was nearly three minutes ahead.

The Vigilant was seven minutes ahead on the last round of the course, but ran into a calm later, and the Britannia soon caught up and passed her, coming in a winner by a slight lead.

CRICKET.

INTERCITY MATCH.

When the Times received its last report, before going to press on Saturday, the Vancouver team had made 100 runs in their first innings. This they increased to 124 before being retired. Victoria then went to bat and after scoring 116, their captain declared the innings ended. These runs were made as follows: Lieut. Barnes 33, J. F. Foulkes 1, Lieut. Templar 9, Wallis not out at 46, P. E. Irving not out 23, extras 5. With an hour and a quarter to play and 91 runs to make, Vancouver went to bat and confined their efforts to playing out time. They succeeded in doing this, at 7 o'clock eight wickets having been taken for 56 runs.

The Islanders defeated the United Banks by 40 to 34 and the Albions defeated the Hyachinthe and Dockyard by 83 runs.

THE WHEEL.

TIEDEMANN SUSPENDED.

The following letter suspending H. Tiedemann is self explanatory:

Victoria, B. C., July 23, 1894.

H. Tiedemann: Dear Sir,—You are hereby notified that you are under suspension from the C. W. A. until such time as the Provincial Racing Board shall meet to determine charges laid against you in connection with your appearance on the track at Nanaimo on Saturday last, the 21st instant. The time and place of the Board's meeting you will be advised of at the earliest possible opportunity. The matter of complaint is that: (1.) You participated in an unsanctioned race meeting in direct violation of article V, clause 5, of the by-laws; and that (2) you competed with a professional—one Gray Ure—in a slow race at Nanaimo on the day and date before mentioned, thereby forfeiting your own standing as an amateur.

Yours very truly,
C. H. GIBBONS,
Chief Consul District 11.

Tiedemann is rather indignant at his suspension. He claims that while he attended a meeting of the local club he did not vote and did not pay any entrance fee and did not regard himself as a member. Otherwise he would not have ridden. He did not know that Ure, who simply entered to fill the race, was a professional. Tiedemann went to Nanaimo for the purpose of trying his wheel on the cinder path.

RECORD BROKEN.

San Francisco, July 23.—In the ten mile handicap road race of the Acme wheel men of Oakland yesterday, over the San Leandro triangle, Otto Zeigler broke the coast record, covering the distance in 27 minutes 41 3-4 seconds. The record heretofore for the same distance was that of W. H. Haley, an Olympic wheelman, of 30 1-2 minutes.

THE RIFLE.

CANADIANS AT BISLEY.

London, July 21.—Canadians have never before been so successful in the final stage of the Queen's prize competition as they were this year. The prize itself was taken by Sergt. Rennie, of the Third Lanark Regiment, but the Canadians took very prominent places in the list of the other ninety-five in the final stage, all of whom receive prizes. Staff Sergt. King made 43 out of 50 at the last range, and his total of 77 was the highest at this stage, so that he became the winner of the coveted vase, the Dragon cup, the gold cross and £30. Private Kambery won a £9 prize. Lieut Mitchell, with a total of 269 out of a possible 300, was well up in the list. Staff Sergts. Ogg, Davidson and Bell were also among the money winners in the final stage. Lieut. Mitchell won his tie with Staff Sergt. King for the Dominion of Canada challenge trophy. King won the St. George's vase. Of the fifteen prizes in the Corporation of London match, restricted to colonials, Canada won no less than fourteen. The Duke of Connaught distributed the prizes this evening.

LACROSSE.

The Montrealers are contemplating a visit to the Pacific coast.

The Stars of Victoria defeated the Nanaimos on Saturday by 3 goals to nil.

The Moonlighters defeated Vancouver at Westminster by 3 goals to 2.

Anti-Anarchist Bill.

Paris, July 23.—The anti-anarchist bill was again discussed in the chamber of deputies to-day. The government refused to accept any amendments to the measure, despite the protests of several members.

Brief Locals.

—There will be a meeting of the city council this evening.

—The French warship Duguay Trouin sailed away at 1.30 o'clock this afternoon. She is to proceed to Hawaii from here.

—The tramway system was at a standstill for an hour yesterday morning as a result of a bad break in the trolley wire at the corner of Yates and Government streets.

—Part of the South Sea Islanders attended high mass at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral yesterday morning. They rendered a number of sacred songs in excellent style.

—The sacred concert and raspberry social in St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, this evening, will not fall short of the usual high standard of entertainments under the direction of the Ladies' Aid of that church.

—The old floor of the Pandora street fire hall was taken out to-day preparatory to improving the sanitary condition of the building and putting down a good flooring. There was a varied and choice collection of disease breeding filth under the old floor. Many of the timbers were rotten.

—The City of Victoria as a body corporate was served to-day with the papers in the suit of police court clerk Pope for the difference in his salary between the way he claimed he should be paid and the manner in which the council paid him. Belyea & Gregory will appear for the plaintiff and Eberts & Taylor for the defendant. The amount is $45 and costs.

—The crossing put in on Broad street on the south side of Yates street by Luker & Dier was tested this morning, at 10:30 o'clock in the presence of City Engineer Wilmot, several of the aldermen and a number of citizens, and proved most satisfactory. The big watering cart filled to overflowing and weighing over five and a half tons was driven across it, giving it about as severe a test as possible. The crossing is substantial yet neat in appearance and there will very likely be much more of it put down here, as the firm are to enter active competition for all business of the kind in future. The work is known as artificial granite stone, is from the formula of Graham, and is protected by patents. It has been used largely in the east, and is strongly recommended by the people of Exeter, Strathroy, and London, Ont., and other places. One splendid feature is that it is laid in blocks carefully separated, one or any number of which may be taken up for sewer work or repairs of any kind. Mr. Graham says the work may be safely guaranteed for 10 years, and judging from the first sample of it here that is correct.

—The New Science Review is the latest quarterly in the field. The announcement in the first number will best explain its mission: "There are many scientific periodicals. The New Science Review differs from all of them. It is new in every sense—new in its appearance, new in its methods, new in its aims. It does not attempt to supersede the older and more conservative periodicals, but to supplement them. Those address themselves to the specialist, this to the public at large. While yielding to none in the scientific value of its material, it strives to present it in a popular style. It does not assume that the reader already has an esoteric acquaintance with the matter in hand and start from that standpoint,—it supplies him with a standpoint; it explains before it demonstrates. Thus it occupies a position midway between the ponderous scientific journals and the lighter magazines. It is as valuable as the first, as interesting as the latter. But it conflicts with none. It has a distinct individuality. The quarterly method of publication has been chosen because it has been thought that this affords ample time for the exploitation of every new theory, invention or discovery that may hold the public attention during the interim. When the New Science Quarterly speaks, it will speak with authority. It will have weighed the evidence impartially. Its decisions, if not infallible, will be in accordance with the latest development of modern thought." J. M. Stoddart, publisher, 147 N. Tenth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

YALE SLANG.

A Few Extracts from Two College Youths' Conversation.

Two Yale students sat on the steps of Osborne hall one warm day last week. They had been spinning tops for two hours and were badly fatigued. This is the season when, according to tradition, the light-hearted senior rolls hoops, walks on stilts and spins tops with the abandon of his childhood's happy hours. One of these collegians was in a confiding mood, and he talked of the incidents of the morning and the evening before, which had interfered with his hours of study. He said:

"Had a long grouch last night and felt rocky a plenty, so after feeding my face I blew down to Mory's with a couple of heelers. Struck Jimmy down there, and he had pinched a beautiful skate. He wanted me to get in the push but I couldnot split his wood. Sat down, though, and had some whales on toast, and threw a couple of tobys under my chest. We horsed Jones to death; he is easy fruit, that man, and gave him the loud jee when he tried to get into our jeans. The good Charlie blew in and gave us the glad hand, but he was loaded with elephants, so we gave him the cold shake. They were trying to sew me up, I could see, and I wasn't going to get my leg jerked, so I cut the game as I had a lot of grinding to do. It was such a dead smooth night that I went an easy pace and spiled along Chapel street to look at the queens. William was diked out to beat the band, and was bound for a skirt party somewhere.

"He is a terrible fusser, and he's full of tricks. I don't believe he cuts much ice with the girls after all. This morning I woke up with a dark brown taste in my mouth, and cut chapel and then shoved in a sick excuse at Baldy. I cut the history course whenever I can. The tutor's head is full of wheels, and he gives me a pain in the neck. Come round to my joint and feed this noon, will you? There are a couple of swipes and a greasy grind there, but you needn't wood up for them. Let's spin tops just a few. I'd flunk this recitation dead if I went, and I must make a cold rush in that [illegible] or I'll slip my [illegible] again. My stand is rotten."—Boston Post.

PERSONAL.

G. A. Huff, of Alberni, is at the Oriental.

W. L. Ogle, of Toronto, is at the Driard.

W. G. Mackenzie left for the Interior last night.

Premier Davie returned on Saturday from Kootenay.

Dr. I. W. Powell returned last night from the Mainland.

Robert Irving was a passenger from Vancouver yesterday.

F. Y. Way, of Seattle, registered at the Driard last night.

Senators McInnes and McDonald returned from Ottawa last evening.

Thos. Cochrane and Lady Cochrane arrived from the interior last night.

B. H. Smith, of Nanaimo, is at the Oriental. So are John Taylor and Geo. Hobson, of Vancouver.

Capt. W. B. Smallfield has been removed to the Jubilee Hospital, his illness having taken a serious turn.

Col. J. P. Withrow, who has been visiting the iron ledges on the west coast, left last evening over the N.P.R. for his home in Pittsburgh.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Maude from the West Coast—D. H. McMillan, G. A. Huff, G. H. Proctor, J M Boyd, C S Wallace, C. H Lenhart, C Connell, C Dawley, W. Redman.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Mrs W R Baker, J Walker, Mrs. Chapman, J H Todd, Wm Lazier, Mrs F W Vincent, R G Penn, J H Tayler, G W Mitchell, W L Ogle, Miss White, Geo Hobson, H Harwood, A C Todd, Wm H Clark, Master Vincent, J Sudman, Dr Geo Sansom, Robt C Johnson, J M Hughes, Miss M Baker, Lady Cochrane, Mrs Howard, J L Sullivan, Dr. Powell, J McNicoll, J Murray, Isaac Ogden, C C Wormoth, G W Allen, Thos Cochrane, Geo Campbell, J W Mould, Robt Irving, H B French, E Caulfeild.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—F T Way, J Brown, Mrs. Brown, Chas Carmichael, Wm Larson, P Cruickshank, A J Rose, D Anderson, A Jones, A Sutherland.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Julia Burdick, L E Erb, Wm Nichol, Blanche Wilkens, Geo Casey, Miss Wylde, C Baker, Miss M Thoms, H Johnson, Wm Swape, G Jimmes, S Jimmes, T E Silriston, Mr. Baker, H Reoolts, C Gehoke and wife, and son, E H Miller and wife, A Speer, S B House, J J Burgess and wife, M L Atwood, L M Atwood, Miss McPhee, P Bushby, P Kennes.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Charmer from Vancouver—Rev W Clay, Speed Bros, W J Dwyer, J Piercy H Mansell, G & McC, C Braund, Ellis & Co, J Barnsley, Miss M Kerr, D Spencer, E Harrison, Col Ind Rev, H Bluth, C E Campbell, M R Smith, Order B Dr C F Newcombe, E G Prior & Co, J Hutcheson, Colonist Co, Dr. Sansome, R McDonald, Telegraph Agent, Weiler Bros, W Blackie, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—August Andra, Armour Pkg Co, H & Sons, P McQuade & Son, O Bros, S L & Co, Wm Willy, O K, G Holden, Edw Walker, R Van Volkenburg, E E Blackwood, C M Smith, E F Wilson.

Per steamer Walla Walla from San Francisco—Allice & Ault, A McGregor & Son, A Magnesen, A. Keating, D H Ross & Co, Erskine Wall & Co, Fell & Co, F S Findley & Co, Gam Fook Yuen, Hud Bay Co, Henry Short Son, Henry Gribble, H M Yates, J & A Clearihue, John Barnsley & Co, J H Todd & Son, J B Taylor, Johns Bros, Kurtz & Co, L White & Co, Langley & Co, M Bantley, Miss Dunsmuir, Mrs J H Brown, Perry & Turner, R. Baker & Son, R P Rithet & Co, R H Jamieson, S Leiser, Speed Bros, T Shotbolt, Vigo & Brooks, Vic Phoenix Brewing Co, Wilson Bros, Wilson Bros for York & P, Yim Lung, Jas Vain, Stein & Bell, Tai Sang, Washburn Moen Mfg Co, New Vancouver C M & L Co, Burrard Inlet R C Lum Co, Aitken & Mowat, C S Philp, Chas Anderson, F R Stewart, McMillan & Hamilton, Stewart L & Co, Winch Bros, W R Megan, Wells Fargo & Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Good cigars are now high priced, because of high tariff laws. MASTIFF PLUG CUT is making pipe-smoking popular because it gives more for the money.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
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AUCTION

FURNITURE

FRIDAY, JULY 27, 11 A.M.

I have been instructed by the Executors of the late Sir M. B. Begbie, to sell on the premises, Franklyn Street, all his Personal Effects.

DRAWING ROOM.

A Collard & Collard Piano, Drawing Room Suite in velvet, Rosewood Music and Book Stand, Mirrors, Antique Carved Oak Writing Table, Lamps, Carved Chairs, Curtains, Fender and Fire Irons, Pictures, Ornaments, Brussels Carpets and Rugs.

DININGROOM.

Fine English Oak Extension Table, Mahogany Sideboard, a large assortment of Glassware, Cutlery and Silverware, Mahogany Dining and Easy Chairs, Statuettes, Soda Syphons, Mirror, Library Book Case, a handsome Dinner Set, China Tea Sets.

HALL.

Several fine Elk and Cariboo Heads, large M.T. Hall Stand, Oil Cloth, Birds in glass cases.

BEDROOMS.

Contents of three rooms, Double and Single Iron Bedsteads, Bedding, Wardrobes, and usual furnishings.

KITCHEN FURNISHINGS.

WINES—Several cases of Chablis, Sauterne, Claret, Port, Sherry, etc.

INDIAN CURIOS—A valuable lot of Old Indian Curios.

PLANTS—A large assortment of Hot House Plants, etc., etc., etc.

G. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

NOTICE.

The partnership existing between John Wilson and R. B. Oxley, is from this date by mutual agreement, dissolved. The business will be continued as formerly by the undersigned.

JOHN WILSON.
Victoria, B. C., July [illegible], 1894.

Valises!

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Ten Inches to 24 Inches

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Sodas, per lb	10c.
Short Bread	25c.
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If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of William Hopkins, deceased. And in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that an order of Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Walkem bearing date the 16th day of July, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of William Hopkins, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of August, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.
July 21-1w

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

The Law Society of British Columbia will receive applications for the office of Law Reporter on or before the 4th day of August, 1894.

J. P. WALLS, Secretary.

ESTATE OF A. J. SMITH.

Creditors' meeting July 30th, at 4 p.m., at assignees' office, 13 Bastion Square. Geo. A. Fernie and F. J. [illegible], [illegible].

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For Bell Handles
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Cleans Rapid,
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Makes Paint Like New.
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Allan Line, Mongolian	Aug. 4
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Dominion Line, Sarnia	Aug. 4
Beaver Line, Superior	Aug. 1
Beaver Line, Winnipeg	Aug. 8
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Lucania	July 28
Cunard Line, Umbria	Aug. 4
White Star Line, Britannia	Aug. 1
White Star Line, Majestic	Aug. 8
American Line, Chester	Aug. 1
American Line, New York	Aug. 8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Weser	Aug. 8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Oldam	Aug. 15
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Allan State Line, California	Aug. 3
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Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 ao$40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works a plan and description of a wharf proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.

Dated 19th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
Victoria, B.C.